FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—May 23.

Sun Rises	4.48 A M
Sun Sets	7 04 P M
Day's Length	14 h 16 m
High Water at Southport	1.38 P M
High Water at Wilmington	3.08 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., May 23.

Meteorological data for yesterday: Temperature: 8 a. m., 69°; 8 p. m., 64°; maximum, 73°; minimum, 61°; mean, 67°. Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of month up to date, 2.17 inches.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Local rains and thunderstorms occurred over the Augusta and Wilmington districts of the cotton belt, while fair weather prevailed elsewhere. High mid-day temperatures occurred generally.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., May 21.—At 8 a. m. the stage of water in the Cape Fear river was 4.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina—Fair; warmer, southerly winds.

OUTLINES

The Cuban situation still occupies the attention of the administration. ——Consul General Lee telegraphs that the number of Americans in need of relief in Cuba may be 1,200. ——The monument given by Chas. Broadway Rouss to the Confederate Veterans Camp, New York, was unveiled yesterday in Mount Hope cemetery, Westchester county, N.Y. ——Democratic Senators propose to inaugurate their fight upon the tariff bill by opposing the increased tax on beer, tobacco and cigars. ——The Government of the Hawaiian Islands propose a treaty of cession of the islands to Great Britain. ——Half a hundred idle men at Homestead, Pa., attacked an equal number of Italians at work on a railway; a number of Italians were seriously injured, but drove off their assailants. ——Calhoun's report to the President will not be made until after his return from Cuba. ——Maj. Gen. Miles has been instructed to represent the U. S. army at Queen Victoria's jubilee; Admiral Miller, on the Brooklyn, will represent the navy. ——Senate committee on inter-State commerce considered the pooling bill; it will be a substitute for all existing laws regulating commerce between the States. ——A school for negro girls at Anniston, Ala., destroyed by fire; loss $45,000. ——Peace negotiations are in progress by ambassadors of the Powers for settlement of the Greco-Turkish war; a neutral zone on the frontier has been established. ——A match game of chess has been arranged to be played by five members of the U. S. House of Representatives and a like number of the British House of Commons, May 31st. ——The recommendation that women be forbidden the use of pulpits for public addresses was debated by the Southern Presbyterian Assembly; the liquor prohibition question was debated. ——John W. Johnson, late president of the State national bank, Logansport, Ind., confessed to forgeries amounting to $200,000. ——Christ's Church, in Savannah, Ga., founded by John Wesley in 1748, was destroyed by fire last night, with many valuable records. ——Yesterday's New York markets: Money on call was quoted easy at 1½@1½ per cent.; cotton steady—middling 7¾c; flour was firmer—winter patents $4 60@4 90; wheat—spot dull but firm; No. 1 New York 80⅝c afloat; corn—spot steady, No. 2 29¾c at elevator and 30¾c afloat; rosin steady—strained common to good $1.75; spirits turpentine easier at 27½@27¾c.

Mr. Wanamaker says he is not apologizing for that speech.

Broker Chapman may miss his bicycle in his Washington "cell" but that's about all.

Lillian Russell wants a divorce from her latest husband, tenor Perugini, and he is glad of it.

They say Tom Reed is a bad speller. He had a bad spell on him when he sat down on Jerry Simpson.

The hens in Edgecombe county are becoming æsthetic. Some of them are laying "hand-painted" eggs.

One of Li Hung's eyes is partially closed by a paralytic stroke but the other is wide open and does double duty.

Senator Tillman threatens to run his pitchfork into the Sugar Trust if some other Senator doesn't hurry up and pitch into it.

It wasn't Astor, but an Englishman, a grocery store man, who gave that $125,000 to buy dinners for the poor of London jubilee week.

There is no danger of Spain getting her dander up about that message of McKinley. There was no bellicose ink shed upon that.

The Sultan of Turkey wants a great deal out of Greece but he will take what he can get and that will be great deal less than he demands.

The Mississippi river, which has been on the rampage so long, is settling down. About time. It will take about $15,000,000 to repair the damage done.

It costs $2.80 a minute to exchange remarks over the telephone between New York and Omaha. Under the circumstances the observations are very pointed.

Library of Congress

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LX.—NO. 54. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, MAY 23, 1897. WHOLE NO. 9,187

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

It is amusing to note how those Republicans who were larruping Grover Cleveland for his lack of aggressiveness in the case of Cuba are pleading for the go slow policy now that Mr. McKinley is in Grover's official shoes.

The crop of "divine healers" is large these days. There is one of them named Miller performing in Atlanta, and effecting some astonishing cures. He takes 'em all in, lame, halt, blind and otherwise afflicted.

A youth of 89 married a miss of 40 at Wilkesbarre, Pa., the other day. He willingly paid the magistrate's $5.00 fee, but positively refused to throw in a kiss of the bride when the magistrate advanced to collect.

Mr. Wanamaker says "the young men are growing indifferent to Republican principles." But perhaps the young men can't tell what Republican principles are now, or where to find them.

The attention of Mr. Dana, of the New York *Sun*, is respectfully called to the fact that Erasmus Ebenezer Ephraim McJimsey, of Missouri, is in Washington looking for a Government job.

It is said that the Prince of Wales never wears the same suit twice when he travels. His nephew, the German Kaiser, is afflicted with the same weakness for new clothes.

Chairman Dingley says he is striking not only for revenue enough, but for a surplus. And then note how the Republican statesmen will go for the surplus and dissipate it.

The Spaniards banquetted and toasted Commissioner Calhoun on his arrival at Havana. They are toasting him now to prevent him from roasting them later on.

Hon. W. L. Wilson has a sweet job on his hands. He is showing up the Sugar Trust.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GEO. O. GAYLORD—Free.
A. D. BROWN—Prosperity.
MERCER & EVANS—Shoes.
SEACOAST ROAD—Schedule.
SAM'L BEAR, SR.—Wanted.
JAS. D. NUTT—Open all day.
S. W. SANDERS—Laundry soap.
C. D. FOARD—Mason's fruit jars.
R. R. BELLAMY—Big reduction.
TAYLOR'S BAZAAR—Shirt waists
D. L. GORE—Attention everybody.
J. L. HILL—Wilmington Directory.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Hardware.
J. D. BELLAMY, JR.—Sale of stock.
W. B. COOPER—Lemons and cheese.
J. H. REHDER & CO.—Deparm't store.
S. P. COWAN & CO—Livery stables.
WORTH & WORTH—New crop molasses
JAS. H. COWAN—Periodicals, papers.
FOR SALE—Valuable phosphate lands.
OWEN F. LOVE & CO.—Tin and sheet-iron workers.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICE—To salesmen.
P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.
L. TATE BOWDEN—Mount Airy butter.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. J. D. Black, of Maxton, was among yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. Joseph Irons, of Asheville, was registered here yesterday.

— Mr. J. H. Bostick, of Willard, was one of yesterday's arrivals.

— Mr. Joseph Loftin, of Rocky Point, arrived in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Preston Cumming, Jr., returned yesterday from Guilford College.

— Miss Sadie Young, of Charlotte, is in the city visiting Miss Kate DeRosset.

— Messrs. J. B. Durham and J. L. Casteen, of Rocky Point, were in the city yesterday.

— Mr. John Wessell, who has been attending school near Charlotte, returned yesterday.

— Messrs. John W. Plummer, Jr., and Hampton Smith have returned from the bicycle meet at Charlotte.

— Capt. J. A. LaMott, formerly connected with the Atlantic Coast Line, but now yard conductor for the Southern Railway at Raleigh, arrived yesterday on a visit to his family.

— Mr. Jas. D. Smith returned yesterday from attending a meeting of the Southeastern Tariff Association at Old Point Comfort, Va. He was accompanied by his brother, Mr. W. L. Smith.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 30 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other new advertisements see fourth page.

— An excursion of colored people will be run from this city to Greensboro to-morrow.

— Rev. W. L. Cunninggim will next month preach a sermon to the Odd Fellows of this city.

— The Nashville Centennial party will arrive to-day at 12.30. See names of the party in another column.

— Register of Deeds Norwood the past week issued marriage licenses to one colored and two white couples.

— The Carolina Beach Pleasure Club house has been opened for the season, under the management of Mr. H. A. Kure.

— Special sermon this morning for children and young people at Fifth Street M. E. Church by the pastor, Rev. W. L. Cunninggim.

— Governor Russell arrived from Raleigh yesterday afternoon, but only spent a few minutes in the city before leaving for Brunswick.

— Cottage owners of Wrightsville Beach and Ocean View are requested to meet at the rooms of the Chamber of Commerce at 12 o'clock Monday, May 24th.

— The brig *Caroline Gray*, Capt. Locke, cleared yesterday with a cargo of lumber, to be landed at La Vela de Cora, Venezuela, South America.

— Mr. C. E. Wood went up North East river on a fishing expedition yesterday and returned with a bunch of twenty or thirty fine trout and perch.

— Capt. J. W. Harper announces that the steamer *Wilmington* will make a trip to Carolina Beach this afternoon. She will leave her wharf at 2.30 and will return at 7.15.

— Swamp Fox No. 53 Knights of Pythias, Marion, S. C., will give an excursion to Wilmington and Ocean View on June 3rd. Delegations of Knights from Dillon and Fair Bluff will be in attendance.

— Only six bales of cotton received at this port yesterday, against 19 on the corresponding day of last year. The local market closed at 7⅛ cents for middling, the price for the same grade on the corresponding day having been 7⅝ cents.

— Commencing on next Saturday, the Seaboard Air Line will put on Pullman palace cars between Wilmington and Charlotte for the comfort of its patrons. Cars will run on trains 41 and 88, leaving Wilmington at 3.30 p. m. and Charlotte at 5.10 a. m.

— Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Josie Ricketts Sholar, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Sholar, of Savannah, Ga., to Mr. Jno. Renquill Hanby, of this city. The happy event will come off Tuesday, June 1st, at noon, at the residence of Miss Sholar's parents. Mr. and Mrs. Hanby will be at home after June 9th at No. 730 Dock street, this city.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—6 bales cotton, 5 casks spirits turpentine, 16 bbls rosin, 4 bbls tar, 7 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—34 casks spirits turpentine, 161 bbls rosin, 61 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—29 casks spirits turpentine, 55 bbls rosin.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—47 casks spirits turpentine, 80 bbls rosin, 15 bbls tar.

Flat—23 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin.

Total receipts — Cotton, 6 bales; spirits turpentine, 187 casks; rosin, 385 bbls; tar, 80 bbls; crude turpentine, 29 bbls.

Death of Mrs. Carrie A. Nichols.

The Chester (N. H.) *Chronicle*, under date of the 19th inst., announces the death of Mrs. Carrie A. Nichols, sister of Mr. John C. Chase, for many years superintendent of the Clarendon Water Works Co. in this city. The deceased for a number of years prior to her death was a clerk in the office of the Clarendon Water Works Co., and her many acquaintances will be pained to hear the sad news. A husband, a daughter and two brothers are left to mourn her loss.

Reduced Rates S. A. L.

On account of commencement exercises of Trinity High School, Trinity, N. C., the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates; rate from Wilmington $6.85. Tickets on sale May 23d to May 25th, inclusive, limited to May 27th.

On account of commencement, Wake Forest College, Wake county, N. C., the S. A. L. will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $7.80. Tickets on sale May 23d to 26th; final limit May 30th.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 30 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.

A sweeping change in the schedule of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley Railroad will be made and will go into effect on Sunday next. The train out of Wilmington will leave at 12.15 p. m. instead of 8 a. m. as now, and returning will arrive at 4.30 p. m. instead of 7.30 p. m.

TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL

Wilmington Makes a Capital Display of Her Resources — The Reception Given Thursday — The Speeches and Speakers.

The people of Wilmington have every reason to be proud of the showing made by their city at the Nashville Centennial Exposition. Mr. T. D. Meares, who returned yesterday, gives the information that the plans instituted by the Chamber of Commerce arrived at a most successful consummation and that our city simply did herself proud.

Wilmington was the first city to make a display of her resources at the exposition. Other cities will follow suit, but they will hardly make the impression that Wilmington has made. Wilmington day, coming as it did, just about the time the Centennial is getting well under way, when the people are not worn out with sight-seeing and when they are inclined to give full honor to whom honor is due, could not have been more happily chosen.

The Wilmington party left here last Monday in a special car over the Seaboard Air Line, arriving at Nashville Tuesday night. They were met at the depot by a reception committee and escorted to the Maxwell House, where accommodations had already been engaged. Wednesday was spent in "taking in" the Exposition and making arrangements for the reception on the following day.

THE RECEPTION.

"Wilmington" was the watchword with visitors to the Exposition Thursday. The officials of the big Centennial were delighted with the enterprise displayed by the distant seacoast city, and assisted in every way in making the occasion successful.

The North Carolina State flag and another flag bearing the single word "Wilmington" were hoisted over the S. A. L. car on Thursday morning. The reception began in the banqueting hall of the car at 10 o'clock in the morning, and lasted till 3 o'clock in the afternoon. An elegant menu was served, consisting of salads, sandwiches, shrimps, ices, punch and other good things, many of which were of distinctively New Hanover production and more or less of a rarity to the inland guests.

There were probably three or four hundred invited guests present. Fifteen hundred invitations were sent out by the committee, and many of them were accepted. Among the guests were the local newspaper fraternity, the Exposition officials and the Hocking Valley Press Association, of Ohio, in a body.

The speech making at the reception was a special feature. Mr. C. E. Borden, chairman of the committee, spoke words of welcome to the invited guests. He was followed by Mr. Herman Justi, manager-in-chief of the Bureau of Publication of the Centennial, Major John J. McGann, of the Exposition officials; President Gaumer, of the Hocking Valley Press Association; and others.

THE EXHIBIT.

On account of the warm weather the exhibit was not altogether so extensive as was intended, but it was sufficient to show up to advantage the products of the Wilmington section. The fish on exhibition, one of them a forty pound rock, encased in solid ice by Messrs. W. E. Worth & Co., attracted no small degree of attention. Another very interesting feature of the exhibit were the Venus fly-trap, which grows in this vicinity exclusively, and several specimens of the trumpet and pitcher plants.

THURSDAY EVENING.

At 8 o'clock Thursday night an informal banquet was served, one of the articles of food being the fish from the exhibit. Short speeches were made by Mr. T. D. Meares, Mr. James H. Chadbourn, Jr., and several others.

PRACTICAL RESULTS.

First and mainly, Wilmington was thoroughly and advantageously advertised. What was the purpose of "Wilmington day?" Many of the guests at the reception were newspaper men and few of them will fail to notice at length in their respective papers the enterprise shown and hospitality dispensed by our city. It is a question if in any other way Wilmington could have been brought so effectually before the attention of so many people.

The Nashville *Daily American* of the 19th has the following to say about the Wilmington delegation:

"To-morrow is Wilmington Day at the Exposition, and the committee appointed by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce to take charge of the day and represent the city has already arrived.

Last night's train from Atlanta had with it a special sleeper carrying the committee and a few invited guests. The following comprise the committee: C. E. Borden, chairman, president Navassa Guano Company; J. H. Watters, of the grocery firm of Holmes & Watters; Col. W. C. Jones, of the Navassa Guano Company; Marcus Jacobi, of the Jacobi Hardware Company; H. C. McQueen, manager of the banking house of Murchison & Co; D. L. Gore, wholesale grocer; E. P. Bailey, of the Wilmington Iron Works; R. N. Sweet, wholesale salt and kainit; James H. Chadbourn, Jr., of Chadbourn Lumber Company, also President of the Chamber of Commerce, and J. C. Stevenson, of J. C. Stevenson & Taylor, wholesale grocers.

"Among those who accompanied the committee were the following: Miss McQueen, Miss Mabel Green, Miss Sarah Kenan, Mrs. Chadbourn, Miss Eva Ellis Chadbourn, Mrs. Smallwood and son, and James M. Stevenson. The entire party were in charge of Thomas D. Meares, General Agent of the Seaboard Air Line.

"May 22 was chosen as Wilmington Day because it was the anniversary of the signing of the Mecklenburg Declaration, which has always been a proud spot in the history of North Carolina.

"The North Carolina flag will float over the car of the Seaboard Air Line to-morrow. This is the flag to which this part of North Carolina once owned allegiance. The historical memories clustering around the years in which Tennessee was a part of the Old North State will add interest to the meeting of representatives of one of its leading and most progressive cities."

— Judge T. R. Purnell left yesterday for Raleigh.

IN JAIL AT RICHMOND.

A Man Supposed to be Simon Prince, Charged with the Murder of Walter Pembleton in Drom Neck.

It is now about certain that Sam Cnappell, colored, who is in jail at Richmond, Va., and Simon Prince, wanted in this city for the murder of Walter Pembleton on the night of the 27th of March last, are one and the same person. A few days ago Chief of Police Melton received a letter from Chief B. F. Howard, of Richmond, Va., saying he thought a man who was in jail in that city was Simon Prince. Chief Melton wrote to Chief Howard in regard to the matter, and last night received another letter from Chief Howard giving a description of the man in custody at Richmond. The description tallied exactly with that of Prince. Chief Howard described him as about thirty years of age, black, weight 170 pounds, slight mustache, heavy scar on lower lip and one on right side of forehead about the hair; all of which tallies with the description of Prince. The letter also stated that Chappell (the name given by the man) said that he was in Wilmington last February, but when he arrived in Richmond he came from Goldsboro. Chief Melton last night sent the letter to Coroner Jacobs.

The crime with which Prince stands charged in this city is the shooting of Water Pembleton, colored, last March, in Dross Neck, in the house of Jim Whitley, colored, on Second street, between Brunswick and Hanover. Henry Shepard, colored, is also wanted for the murder.

BASE BALL.

The National League—Result of Yesterday's Games and Other Interesting Features.

YESTERDAY'S GAMES.

Cincinnati, 13; Baltimore, 10.
Chicago, 8; Washington 1.
Louisville, 11; Brooklyn, 5.
Pittsburg, 3; Philadelphia, 1.
Boston, 11; St. Louis, 4.
Cleveland, 4; New York, 3.
New York, 11; Cleveland, 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TO DAY.

Washington at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.
Baltimore at Cleveland.
Louisville at St. Louis.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	Per Cent.
Baltimore	19	6	.760
Cincinnati	19	7	.730
Pittsburg	16	7	.695
Boston	14	10	.583
Cleveland	13	11	.541
Philadelphia	13	13	.530
Louisville	11	11	.500
Brooklyn	10	14	.416
New York	8	13	.400
Chicago	8	16	.333
Washington	6	16	.273
St. Louis	5	20	.200

The first game yesterday between Cleveland and New York, which resulted favorably for the Indians, was a pitchers' battle with Cuppy on one side and Rusie on the other, but Sockalexis' single when Tebeau was on third decided the game.

In the Brooklyn-Louisville game yesterday Cunningham, who hurled the horseskin for the Colonels, knocked one of Mahon's twisters over the left field fence of the Louisville ball grounds.

Joe Corbett, who has heretofore been invincible, pitched for the Orioles yesterday, but the Reds walked off with the game anyhow.

There is nothing much to say about Chicago, Washington or St. Louis, for they are still gallantly defending the rear.

ASSOCIATED CHARITIES IN DISTRESS.

Fellow Citizens:

We are forced to beg your assistance in our work. For the worthy poor we beg—for those struggling to help themselves, for those who are unable to help themselves. We know them; we feel for them, and we ask you to make us able to help them. An appeal of this kind we have not made in two years, but now are forced to it. Many have given us nothing, some who have given heretofore this year have refused. Our funds are exhausted; a deficiency stares us in the face, when we think of the bills to be paid in June.

If we do not receive substantial aid soon, we must close our office. After four years experience, we say, without vanity, that we are working at the problem of pauperism in our city in the wisest way. Shall we give it up? Shall we let the very poor take care of themselves and suffer and starve? Shall we go back to the old helter-skelter, overlapping, over-looking way? Shall we say to the pauper, "go, beg from house to house, from store to store, and get what you can?" Shall we so offer a premium to deceit and self-degradation?

Men and brethren, tender-hearted women, to whom God hath given a sufficiency or an abundance of this world's goods, it is for you to decide.

Trusting in your generosity, we are, Robert Strange, Peyton H. Hoge, W. L. Cunningim, J. C. Stevenson, Roger Moore, executive committee.

Send all contributions to Mr. P. B. Manning, treasurer, or to Miss C. L. Price, secretary.

Magistrates' Courts.

A commission *de lunatico inquirendo*, consisting of Dr. J. C. Shepard and Justice Bunting and McGowan, yesterday adjudged Jno. Rone, colored, insane and ordered him sent to the asylum at Goldsboro.

Liura Owen, colored, was before Justices McGowan yesterday, charged with disorderly conduct and assault and battery, but upon investigation Justice McGowan discharged the defendant and taxed the prosecutor, J. C. Evans, also colored, with the costs.

Odd Fellows' Reception.

Friday night, after the regular weekly meeting of Hanover Lodge No. 145, I. O. O. F., the members of the lodge tendered a reception to Past Grand Isaac Northrop, of Hanover Lodge, who was elected to the office of Grand Herald at the meeting of the Grand Lodge at Charlotte a short time ago. Grand Herald Northrop filed his report, and then made an exceedingly interesting talk, describing his trip to Charlotte, etc. Refreshments were then served, and a good time had by all.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.

W. S. F. E. Co. No. 1 and Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Surrender Their Halls and Apparatus Upon Peremptory Demand of Mayor Wright.

In consequence of the action taken by Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Company No. 1 and the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company in regard to surrendering to the city the engine houses and apparatus of their respective companies on account of the reduction in appropriations made by the Board of Aldermen, Mayor Wright yesterday afternoon, about 1 o'clock, sent a letter by Policeman D. S. Bender to Mr. W. C. VonGlahn, foreman of Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Company No. 1, demanding the surrender by 2 o'clock p. m., of the engine house and apparatus of that company.

A similar letter was sent to Mr. Thos. J. Gore, foreman of the Fifth Ward Hook and Ladder Company.

Messrs. VonGlahn and Gore immediately set to work and in about an hour after the receipt of Mayor Wright's communications the halls of the two engine houses had been cleared of the personal property of the companies, and the engines and keys to the engine houses were ready to be turned over to the city.

The following letter was sent late yesterday to Mayor Wright by Foreman VonGlahn:

Dr. S. P. Wright, Mayor:

SIR—In compliance with your demand, dated to-day, i. e., that the engine house and apparatus of the Wilmington Steam Fire Engine Company be turned over to the city at once, I have the honor to say that the premises have been vacated and are now at your disposal. W. C. VONGLAHN, President.

Both companies will rent halls and keep up their organizations.

Mayor Wright informed a STAR representative that he would have the apparatus of the two fire companies ready for work at any time and properly attended to.

For the present, the "Atlantic" engine is in charge of Mr. B. R. Russell.

CITY MARKETS.

Cabbage, Beans, Irish Potatoes and Other Vegetables—Poultry and Eggs.

Spring vegetables were in most general demand and in best supply on the city markets yesterday. Cabbage, squash, asparagus, tomatoes, beans, radishes, beets, turnips, carrots, English peas, Irish potatoes, onions and lettuce were the leading varieties. Strawberries and blackberries were abundant, with some huckleberries. Poultry and eggs sold at slightly lower prices than on the preceding Saturday. Eggs were from 8 to 10 cents per dozen.

Vegetables—Lettuce, 5c per head beets, 5c per bunch; asparagus, 10c per bunch; onions, 5c per bunch; sweet potatoes, 20c per peck; Irish potatoes (new) 5c per quart; carrots, 5c per bunch; soup bunches, 5c each; strawberries, 5 to 8c per quart; cauliflower, 10c per head; English peas, 15 to 20c per peck; cabbage, 5 to 10c per head; squash, 20 to 30c per dozen; salad, 10c per peck; turnips, 2½c per bunch; string beans, 5 to 10c per quart; blackberries, 5c per quart; huckleberries, 10c per quart.

Fish—Spots, 10c per bunch; blackfish, 15c per bunch; sturgeon, 5c per pound.

Poultry—Chickens, dressed, 60 to 65c per pair; live, 55 to 65c per pair; spring chickens, 25 to 50c per pair; turkeys, dressed, 15c per pound.

Meats—Sausage, 10c per pound; loin steak, 12½c; round, 10c; chuck beef, 7c; stew, 5 to 6c; mutton, 10 to 12½c; veal, 12½c.

Clams, crabs and shrimps—Clams, 15 to 30c per quart; shrimps, 20c per quart; stone crabs, 5 to 10c each; channel crabs 10c per dozen.

Spanish Spies Outwitted

It was mentioned a few days ago that the tug *Dauntless* had left Savannah, Ga., and it was supposed had gone on a filibustering expedition to Cuba. A gentleman now in Wilmington gave a STAR reporter the following information in regard to the *Dauntless* and her movements:

"In order to elude the watchful Spanish spies, who had been constantly covering the movements of the *Dauntless*, Captain Burke, her commander, hired the services of his boat to the Sanford & Ross Company to tow barges, in the harbor at Savannah, where that company were constructing a wharf for the Government at Tybee island. The *Dauntless* had been employed about three weeks, and all suspicion had subsided, when early on Friday morning last the tug steamed out of the harbor with 1,800 rifles and 346 boxes of cartridges, weighing forty pounds each, on board."

The cargo the *Dauntless* sailed off with was transferred from an unknown tug to a scow at Tybee island and thence to the *Dauntless*.

The Episcopal Council at Goldsboro.

The following delegates and clergy returned yesterday from attending the Episcopal annual Council, which has been in session at Goldsboro since Thursday last: Rev. Dr. James Carmichael, Rev. G. M. Tolson, Col. John W. Atkinson, Col. W. L. DeRosset and Mr. William Calder. One of them remarked that the session just ended had been the most satisfactory, the most business-like and spirited that he had ever attended.

Some of the important business transacted yesterday was the passage of suitable resolutions on the death of Rev. Dr. Joseph Huske, of Fayetteville, and Mr. Edward S. Hoyt, of Washington. It was also decided to extend the support of the Council to St. Mary's School.

The Council adjourned to meet on May 10th of next year with the Episcopal church at Newbern.

— The break in the trestle on the Seacoast railroad has been repaired and from and after to-day trains will run without transfer.

THE MORNING STAR.

Are you a subscriber to THE MORNING STAR? If not, why not?

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Do not forget that THE MORNING STAR is the cheapest daily of its class in North Carolina. Its price is $5.00, while the published price of others ranges from $7.00 to $8.00.

DYING OF DRY ROT.

LOGE HARRIS' REMARK CONCERNING THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

Other Raleigh News—The Governor's Reception—Gov. Russell Leaves for Wilmington—The Institution for the Blind—Teachers' Assembly—Cotton Growers Association.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., May 22.

Mr. John R. Smith, the superintendent of the State prison, returned from Castle Hayne this morning. The report that the State would purchase this farm, which is to be sold soon, is untrue says Mr. Smith.

The dome of the capitol has been painted white.

The Woman's Temperance Union will meet in Henderson in annual session June fourteenth.

J. C. Logan Harris, Governor Russell's right bower, says that he will make public a statement in a few days defending the policy pursued by Governor Russell, and in justification of his remark, made a few days since, that the Republican party is dying of dry rot.

The announcement that Mr. Jule Carr would pay the amount of the omnibus pension bill, which failed of ratification, is denied.

The Executive is in receipt of a letter from Governor Culberson of Texas, inviting delegates from North Carolina to the Cotton Growers' Association, which is called to meet in Galveston August second. The State is entitled to two delegates at large and one from each Congressional district. Appointments will not be made until a later date.

Treasurer Worth has returned from Morehead. He says the programme for the Sheriff's Institute will be prepared next week.

Memorial Day is to be celebrated next Saturday, though Sunday is the 30th. The day is always quietly observed in Raleigh.

The Seaboard officials have no knowledge of the reported revival of work on the Virginia & North Carolina railway, from Ridgeway to Richmond.

Governor Russell left for Wilmington this morning.

A very creditable pamphlet of some twenty-five pages, descriptive of the Teachers' Assembly and its work, and containing the programme for the coming session, is just out.

It is whispered that the directors of the Blind Institution, will, at the next meeting, abolish the office of assistant superintendent, which is held by Mr. W. J. Young. It is also said that there will be a general shaking-up among the teachers in the institution. The reported appointment of Capt. W. H. Day as a director of the institution seems to have been premature.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St. Matthew's English Lutheran church, Fourth street above Bladen street, Rev. G. D. Bernheim, pastor. Morning service at 11 o'clock, evening service at 8 o'clock, Sunday school at 9.30 a. m. All seats free, and every person cordially invited.

Services in St. John's church to-day by the rector, Rev. Dr. Carmichael, at 11 a. m. and 5.30 p. m. Sunday school 4.30 p. m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p. m., conducted by Rev. Dr. Carmichael. All seafaring and river men are cordially invited to attend.

St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church, corner of Market and Sixth streets, Rev. K. Boldt, pastor. German service at 11 a. m., English service at 8 p. m.; Sunday school at 4.30 p. m. Meeting of the Christian Association at 5.30 p. m. All seats free.

COLORED CHURCHES.

Grace Lutheran Mission, Rev. Aug. Burgdorf, pastor. Services at the new Phœnix Hall at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m., Wednesday 9 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m.

St. Stephen's A. M. E. Church corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev. E. J. Gregg, pastor. Preaching this day at 10.30 and 8 p. m. by the pastor, 3 p. m. by Rev. J. H. Richardson. Everybody invited to worship with us.

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES.

Senior's Evening at Salem Female College—Twenty Members Read Essays.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

WINSTON, N. C., May 22.—To-night was Senior's first evening in the ninety-fifth annual commencement of Salem Normal College. The class, composed of thirty-nine young ladies, attired in their pretty white Oxford caps and gowns, presented a handsome and attractive appearance. Principal Clewell says this year's class is unusually able and intellectual and its general record is very high. Twenty members read essays on the following up-to-date topics: "Patriotism," "Recent Events," "Our Neighbors, North and South," "Woman's Position," and "Dialect Writers."

Each subject was interspersed with vocal and instrumental music.

To-morrow the old Moravian Home church will be filled with a great audience to hear the Baccalaureate sermon by that popular and talented divine Rev. Robert E. Caldwell, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, this city.

DIED.

BRIDGER—At Bladenboro, N. C., on the evening of May 18th, ELNEDIA STONE BRIDGER, infant daughter of Robt. L. and Emma Bridger.

One little lamb has gone,
To dwell with Him who gave;
Our little darling babe,
Is sheltered in the grave.

God needed one more angel child,
Amidst His shining band,
And so He beat with loving smiles,
And clasped our darling's hand.

Still and lonely are the days,
Waiting for to-morrow's joys,
Broken by blinker, dear,
For baby is nowhere near.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. H. REHDER & CO.'S
DEPARTMENT STORE.

Ladies' Underwear.
Corset Covers 13 to 50 cents.
Drawers 25 to 75 cents.
Skirts 39c up to $1.25.
Chemise 25c to $1.48.
Gowns 50c to $1.25.
Latest styles. Lowest prices.

Mason's Fruit Jars.
Quarts 59 cents dozen.
2-quarts 89 cents dozen.
Rubbers and Wrenches complete.

STRAW HATS.
Big stock, lowest prices.
Red Sailor Hats 50 cents.
Children's Hats 10c and upwards.
Latest styles in Men's Hats.
Lots of new things in Dress Goods Department, Clothing Department, Shoe Department.

J. H. REHDER & CO.
Car fare paid on purchases of $3 and up. my 23 tf

We are still receiving nice new fresh goods. Gents, Ladies, Boys and Girls of many styles and kinds. Beautiful lines of Children and Infant's
SHOES.
We take occasion to thank the generous public for the liberal patronage so kindly bestowed, and ask a continuance of the same. We solicit a trial from those who have not dealt with us. In passing look in our window. Respectfully,
MERCER & EVANS,
63½ steps east from corner Front and Princess Sts. my 2 tf

Open All Day To-day,
This Sunday,
May 23, '97.
JAMES D. NUTT,
my 23 1t The Druggist

Lemons and Cheese.
15 Boxes Fancy Lemons.
25 Cream Cheese.
20 Half barrels Mott's Vinegar.
15 Half-barrels Mott's Cider.
10 Cases Lion Coffee.
10 Cases Levering Coffee.
10 Cases Arbuckles' Coffee.
W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
my 23 1 D&W Wilmington, N. C.

Wanted,
5,000 Pounds WOOL.
3,000 Pounds BEESWAX.
2,000 Pounds COW HIDES.
Highest cash prices paid. Quotations furnished on request.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.
my 22 tf

KNOCKED DOWN AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER,
Laundry Soap.
Look Over this List:
Kern Soap,
Kirkman's Borax Soap,
Thomson's Borax Soap,
Perfect Borax Soap,
Lautz Bro.'s Master Soap,
Lappe' Aromatic Soap,
Fairbanks' Olairette Soap,
German Laundry Soap,
Brooke's Crystal Soap,
Bon Amie Sapolio.
Rare Opportunity. Retail only. This week only.
S. W. SANDERS.
my 23 tf

Attention Everybody.
300 bus. Field Peas for seed.
1,000 kegs Cut and Wire Nails.
50 barrels Mullets.
100 doz. Mexican Mustang Liniment.
100 ounces P. & W. Quinine.
50 doz. Groves' Chill Tonic.
and a full line of heavy groceries at prices to meet any market. We only ask a trial. D. L. GORE,
120, 122 & 124 North Water street, my 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Mason's Fruit Jars.
ALSO SPLENDID NEW LINE OF BLUE and White ENAMEL WARE, all kinds of Hardware, House Furnishing Goods, Farming and Garden Implements, Fishing Tackle. Call and examine my goods. My prices will please you.
CHARLES D. FOARD,
No. 109 South Front street, Spr

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1897

STRIKING AT THE GREENBACK.

Much pressure is being brought to bear upon Secretary Gage to induce him to lock up the redeemed greenbacks, a scheme to which he would readily assent if he could see his way clear. But it is rather too soon to enter upon that in a systematic way, even if there was no scarcity of money in the Treasury, for they are not right sure that the people would take it good naturedly and not hold the Republican party to account if it were attempted. They have doubtless noticed that nearly all the leading Republican papers are silent on that question and that those that have spoken are strongly opposed to it, or to any meddling with the money which in a great emergency helped the Government to raise and equip armies and put them in the field. They have, also, doubtless noticed that the only papers which are distressed on account of the "endless chain" are the so-called Democratic gold papers, which represent a very small number of the American people.

The New York *Sun* is one of these. By virtue of the warm support which it gave the Republicans during the campaign and the warm support it is giving them since Congress met in extra session it assumes the role of law interpreter and counsel, and advises Secretary Gage that he is at perfect liberty to retire all the greenbacks that come into his hands for redemption, as there is no law against it, which the *Sun* seems to believe, if it speaks honestly in the following extract :

"As the *Sun* has repeatedly demonstrated, there is no law on the statute book 'compelling' the reissue of redeemed Government notes. Money can be drawn out of the Treasury only by appropriation and so long as the revenues are sufficient to defray the appropriations, the redeemed notes must remain unissued. When, however, the revenues are insufficient, as they were under the Cleveland Administration, the Government is 'authorized,' not 'compelled,' to use the redeemed notes in meeting appropriations. It is the law of necessity only, not any act of Congress, that compels the resort to this expedient."

The *Sun* used to make the proud boast that "when you see it in the *Sun* it is so," but this is one of the things which got into the *Sun* and was put into the *Sun* by its leading editor, which is not so, and for which there is not the slightest foundation. Its object was to deceive the readers of the *Sun* so that if Secretary Gage should begin the retiring game they would conclude that he was doing so in accordance with the law and in violation of no law.

The New York *Times* is another gold paper which used to be Democratic, but now claims to be independent. It calls the *Sun* to task for its assertion, and for the additional reason that by misrepresenting the situation it is doing much injury to the sound money cause, by urging premature and unauthorized action, To show how far off the *Sun* was and how unsafe as a legal counsellor it quotes the act of 1878 in pursuance of which the redeemed greenbacks are reissued, and must be reissued.

"Be it enacted, etc., That from and after the passage of this act it shall not be lawful for the Secretary of the Treasury or other officers under him to cancel or retire any more of the United States legal-tender notes. And when any of said notes may be redeemed or be received into the Treasury under any law from any source whatever, and shall belong to the United States, they shall not be retired, canceled or destroyed, but they shall be re-issued and paid out again and kept in circulation.

"Provided, that nothing herein shall prohibit the cancellation and destruction of mutilated notes and the issue of other notes of like denomination in their stead, as now provided by law.

'All acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith are hereby repealed."

Is there anything optional or discretionary about this? Is there anything in it to warrant the assertion of the *Sun*, or anything to authorize retiring the greenbacks under any circumstances, and substituting for them silver certificates or any other kind of certificates? It was the intention of the Congress which passed this act that the greenbacks then in circulation should continue in circulation as a permanent part of the volume of currency. As far as we know, the editor of the *Sun* is the only man who has ever discovered and claimed that there was no law requiring the re-issue of these notes, millions of which have gone into the Treasury and gone out again into the channels of trade within the past twenty years, no matter how large the surplus in the Treasury might be.

Speaking of the disposition of Secretary Gage to co operate with the gold Democrats in inaugurating the retiring programme the Washington correspondent of the New York *Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin* says:

"They have had from the outset the cordial sympathy of Secretary Gage, and there is no doubt that he will make recommendations of his own for currency reform in case there is any failure or delay in the matter of a currency commission. The Secretary is a firm believer in a scientific currency, but has some misgivings as to how far the naked proposition to retire the greenbacks would commend itself to popular support. In this regard his views are similar to those of some of the members of the Indianapolis Committee. They would like to see the initial steps taken for diminishing the facilities for pressure upon the Treasury for gold, but they believe that they should be coupled with the assurance to the people that no sudden and acute contraction will be applied to the circulating medium.

"If Congress is left to itself without the assistance of a currency commission, it is possible that an effort will be made at the next session to pass a bill providing that when greenbacks are redeemed in gold they shall not be reissued except for gold. Gov. Dingley favored this method of restricting the volume of outstanding paper in the last Congress, but he was obliged to insert in his bill for the purpose a meaningless reaffirmation of the law of 1878 against the contraction of the volume of legal tender notes."

We infer from this that the Secretary is willing as soon as he can see his way clear, and concludes that it will be a safe thing for the party to do.

MINOR MENTION.

The Senators who, like Hoar, Hale and Hawley, opposed the adoption of the Morgan resolution and gave as a reason that it might result in war, didn't, in view of the facts cited and admitted, do themselves or their country any credit, for it was equivalent to asserting that whatever the cause or the justification for action might be this country should continue passive and do nothing that might possibly anger or provoke Spain to declare war against us. It was conservatism or prudence carried across the dividing line of cowardice. Commenting on the speeches that held up war as a scarecrow the Washington *Star*, a non-partisan and very conservative paper, thus tersely and truly states the case:

'Lovers of fair play in this country are becoming worn out by the reiteration by Spanish-American Senators of the cry that a recognition of the belligerency of the Cuban insurgents means war. Timidity and vacillation have resulted in more wars than firmness and honesty in the right. If war ever yet resulted from a nation demanding that its sons and daughters be protected from rapine, starvation and murder, on whatever soil they stood; if war was ever the result of a nation's protest against assaults on women and children, burning of hospitals, and cruelties and atrocities passing the Spanish inquisition, then such a war was sacred and the nation engaged in it on the right side was engaged in the work of civilization. The people in this country who are called the friends of Cuba are not desirous of war; but they are desirous and they demand that wherever an American stands he shall be under the protection of the Stars and Stripes; they desire that the Government shall excercise its officers to end the atrocious cruelties practiced in Cuba, and in a broad sense, believing that self respect is less dangerous than weakness; they insist on a foreign policy that will render our flag and our citizens safe from insult in any quarter of the world."

If there were no sympathy for the people who have been so loyally and heroically struggling for self-government for two years and a half, and no feeling of horror at the atrocities perpetrated by the Spanish military authorities on the island, with the knowledge and approval of the home government, self respect would have demanded positive action by this Government after the confession that it hesitated to make public the names of the consuls who furnished the information as to the condition of affairs in the island for fear that they might be massacred.

* * *

Hon. John Wanamaker's remarks at that Philadelphia banquet a week or so ago have attracted much attention on account of the prominence of the man and the size of the wads of money he has at various times dropped into the campaign fund. We have made some extracts from this speech. Here is another:

"The young men are growing up in different to the republican principles, with no respect for parties of broken platforms who use national and State patronage in payment of election contracts. The political religion of the nation is falling lower and lower under the reckless daring of unscrupulous bosses. There are immeasurable depths of misfortune for this nation and State if the continued use of corporation and public moneys and the dispensation of Federal and State patronage continue to be controlled in the interest of office-holders to hold office for themselves and to benefit those who desire to keep government contracts or maintain particular protections through the money given by which elections are decided."

These remarks are true to the letter, but they would have had quite as much cogency when Mr. Wanamaker threw a pile of money into the Republican campaign fund and he was in recognition of the service rendered called into President Harrison's Cabinet. And then he rings a warning thus:

"There will most assuredly come a day when there will be a mighty revolt and resistance, resulting in a revolution that will give birth to a new political party. Laws continually despised and disregarded, legislation conceived for blackmailing purposes, speculation by public officials in trust and other stocks while tariff and other financial bills are pending, must surely and irrevocably alienate the people from their party and a disposition and desperation to substitute almost any wild and untried leadership with the hope of a possible relief.'

This is both a warning to and an indictment of the Republican party, and coming from as eminent a Republican as Mr. Wanamaker, may well arrest the attention not only of the indicted, but of the country at large. If these remarks had been made by a Democrat, he would be accused of slandering the patriots who run the Republican party.

* * *

It is announced that the State Board of Education is going to feel the public pulse on the proposition to sell 5,000 acres of "the lakes" in Carteret, Jones and Craven counties for 25 cents an acre. The offer to buy 231,000 acres by Northern parties met with such opposition that it was turned down, as this offer to buy 5,000 acres for $1,250 should be. We suppose the parties desiring to purchase are some Northern men who want an exclusive hunting and fishing range, for which they are willing to pay the big price of 25 cents an acre, about a duck an acre, for instance, or a bunch of fish. They could get ducks and fish enough out of it in one season to pay the bill of sale, and have a surplus to pocket if they didn't spend too freely in putting up their lodges, etc. There isn't enough in that to make it an offer worth considering, or worth much feeling of the public pulse, and there is no particular reason in this case, any more than there was in the 231,000 acre proposition, which was turned down, why the State should give to a Northern or any other party something for practically nothing.

The $8,000,000 which Stephen Girard bequeathed to the city of Philadelphia to build and endow Girard College, has increased to $25,000,000, the annual income from which exceeds $1,000,000. It is claimed that this makes this college the richest institution of the kind in the world. There are 1,600 students attending it. Philadelphia can well afford to erect a monument to the old gentleman.

The Confederate monument in Mount Hope Cemetery, which was dedicated yesterday, is the gift of Mr. Charles Broadway Rouss. When asked to contribute to it, he with characteristic generosity replied that he would pay for it. The monument, a beautiful one, is erected on a piece of ground reserved for the burial of Confederate veterans who may die in New York.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Sanford *Express*: Mrs. Annie J. Foushee, wife of Mr. J. G. Foushee, died at her home here Wednesday evening at 10 o'clock after a three week's illness of appendicitis.

— Mount Airy *News*: The wheat crop is looking fine and will turn out an unusually large yield in Surry, Stokes, Forsyth and Yadkin counties if nothing happens to damage it.

— Monroe *Journal*: Revenue Officer Means, of Concord, cut up an illicit still in New Salem township last Friday and destroyed 800 gallons of beer. The moonshiner is gay but he gets too gay sometimes.

— Raleigh *Press Visitor*: It is stated that in 30 days work is to commence on the Virginia and North Carolina Railroad, from Richmond to Ridgeway. As soon as this "short cut," which takes off 40 miles, is finished, the Seaboard Air Line will operate it

— Louisburg *Times*: We learn that Mrs. Amanda Card, who lives in the neighborhood of Mitchener, this county, killed quite a curious snake one day this week. It was very large of a bronze color, had a horn on the end of his tail with a stinger in the horn. When she struck the snake he broke into four different pieces.

— Winston *Sentinel*: Mr. G. W. Morris, who resides in West Winston, has an Australian hen which was sent him by Thomas Rainey, of Australia. Mr. Rainey has a brother living in Germanton, N. C. The latter owns several of these chickens. Mr. Morris says he is going to sell his hen to Cooper's circus. The fowl is very nearly as large as a turkey and has a head like an Indian game. Her eggs are spotted and as large as those laid by turkeys.

— Wadesboro *Messenger Intelligence*: Twenty-one additional convicts arrived at the State farm Monday from the penitentiary. The entire force of convicts at the farm now numbers 174. —— Capt. Reinhardt has seeded 1,200 acres to cotton at the State farm, and expects to plant at least 400 additional acres in corn. He has a good stand of cotton, and hopes to be able to send up a good report from the Anson farm at the end of the year.

Concord *Standard*: The mysterious disappearance of the wife of R. L. Edwards, a negro minister of the city, has caused considerable uneasiness and talk among the colored people. It is said that Edwards had treated her badly and distrusted her, and that he had upon several occasions threatened her severe punishment. She left her home at midnight Wednesday and no trace of her can be had. Edwards is regarded by the colored people as being a bad man and they fear that the woman has been dealt with foully. She left an infant in charge of her mother. The child is only about a month old.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— President McKinley is said to be ambitious to restore peace and prosperity to Cuba. The country will wish him success in the undertaking, even though he did make a failure of that job of prosperity restoring at home.—*New York Journal, Dem.*

——"There is no doubt." Says our Republican contemporary, the Burlington Hawkeye, "that the great majority of the people are in full sympathy with the principle of civil-service reform provided they have to do with the genuine article." And the genuine article always seems to be the article that will let weuns in and keep youuns out.—*Louisville Courier Journal, Dem.*

—— To compare great things with small, the difference between Lord Salisbury and Czar Nicholas is the difference between B'rer Rabbit and the Tar Baby. Like the former, Salisbury does an immense amount of talking, which does him no good, while Nicholas, like the latter, "ain't sayin' nuffin'," but in the end he is seen to have all the advantage. The world attaches no importance to Salisbury's bluster in comparison with the Czar's impressive silence.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

—— The present Emperor and Empress of Austria during their reign have met with a singular succession of family tragedies. Maximilian, the Emperor's brother, was executed in Mexico, and his wife, Carlotta, lost her reason. Prince Rudolph, the only son of the Austrian Emperor, committed suicide, and the crown will pass to the Emperor's brother. The Dutchess d' Alencon, sister of the Empress, was burned to death in Paris last week.—*St Louis Republic, Dem.*

People buy Hood's Sarsaparilla year after year because it does them good. It will do you good to take it now. †

A BABY UNBOSOMS ITSELF.

MARY NORTON BRADFORD

I wish I wasn't pretty and I wish I wasn't sweet;
I wish folks didn't think I look "just good enough to eat;"
I wish—if I'm a rosebud, as they say—
that I had thorns
As sharp as Mamma's needles and as big as Mooly's horns.

I wish that great big grown-up folks weren't mean enough to take
Advantage of a little tweenty weenty mite, and make
Life a burden to a baby, pouncing on it, one and all,
In a way they wouldn't dare to if it wasn't weak and small.

I guess if you were me that you'd be mad—tho' you're as meek
As Moses—if each woman poked a finger in your cheek,
And said, "Oo pitty itty sing!" and all but took your breath
Away with her hard hugging, while she kissed you most to death.

They call me "little angel," but an angel would be roiled
By such outrage, and an angel's disposition would be spoiled;
Yet these fool folks they all wonder why I double up my fist,
And with angry bawls bombard them ev'ry time that I am kissed.

I'm a baby that's abused, and I just think it is a shame
The busy, big society that's got the great, long name—
What is it that they call it, now—the
S. F. P. C. C.—
Can't keep those cruel women from forever kissing me!

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— The rest of Christ is for all who will give up sin.

—Prayer paves the way to preferment in the Christian life.

—The greater our growth in grace the greater our need of common sense.

— Do good constantly, patiently, and wisely, and you will never have cause to say life was not worth living.—*George W. Childs.*

— No radical remedy will ever alter human nature—no more than sickness and death can be removed by legislation.—*Rabbi Joseph, Silverman, Hebrew.*

— Religion that stirs nothing in a man except his emotional nature is worthless. Equally worthless is the religion that stirs everything else except the emotions.—*Ex.*

— Thinking men have made the world what it is. All the works of man are but the material form through which the thought of man is expressed.—*Rev. Dr. Rogers, Presbyterian.*

— Beyond all wealth, honor or even health, is the attachment we form to nobler souls, because to become one with the good, generous and true, is to become in a measure, good, generous and true ourselves.—*Thos. Arnold.*

— Love makes room for all the good things of the kingdom of God, and thus it is that the love of God shed abroad in the heart of men makes him larger than he can otherwise become. It is heart, not head, which counts for the most where the counting is of any account.—*Wesleyan Methodist.*

— Ask yourself of any habit that belongs to your personal life, and brings it face to face with Jesus Christ and see if it is not judged. A judgment day that is far away, that is off in the dim distance when this world is done—it shall come, no doubt, I know not much with regard to it, except that it is sure. But the judgment that is here now is Christ; the judgment day that is right close to your life and rebukes you, if you will let him rebuke you every time you sin; the judgment day that is here and praises you and bid you be of good courage when you do a thing that men disown and despise, is Christ.—*Phillips Brooks.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Ella—"Is belle happily married?"

Stella—"I guess so; her husband is a sailor and is away three years at a time."—*Town Topics.*

— He—"You say he is an ignorant man?"

She—"Why, yes, he must be. I heard some one say he didn't know what fear was."—*Yonkers Statesman.*

—"My love for you," cried the lover, "is worth to me more than all the gold and precious stone—and—and—"

"Coal, George," she suggested.—*Philadelphia North American*

— Her Prudence.—He—You insist on my getting my life insured before we are engaged?

She—Yes—even before you ask papa.—*Harlem Life.*

— Too Hasty—He—I made a fool of myself in the first engagement ring I ever bought.

She—Didn't it fit?

He—Don't know. She wouldn't try it on!—*Chicago Record.*

— Englishman—"Can you tell me, my lad, how far it is to Kirkcaldy?"

Scots Boy—"Well, if ye gang on straight, it's about twenty five thousand miles, but if ye turn back ye're there in five minutes."—*St. Paul's.*

— School Teacher—"And now, James, do you know the significance of the weeping willow we have been reading of?"

Jimmy—"Yessum; we've got a tree in our yard, an' me father makes me weep wid de branches of it when I need a lickin', mum."—*Judge.*

—"I'm mighty glad my wife persuaded me into getting her a wheel," said the lean passenger.

"Makes her happy, eh?" said the fat passenger.

"She's so stuck on riding that she ain't going to clean house this year."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— A Long Journey.—Old Lady on ocean steamer)—"Mercy me! Is this all one ship?"

Travelled Granddaughter—"Why, yes, grandma, and we haven't walked a quarter the length of it yet."

"Land sakes! How near will we be to Europe when we get to the other end?"—*N. Y. Weekly.*

— Bobbie—"A boy called me a liar to-day, but you told me never to fight and so I raw away."

Bingo—"That's right, Bobbie, but are you sure that was the reason?"

"Yes, sir. That and the size of the boy."—*Life.*

Only a Rumor.

Mrs. Bubblejaw—I'm sorry, sir, but I heard today that you never pay your bills.

Poet Overflow—It's only a rumor.

Mrs. Bubblejaw—If you were only a roomer, it wouldn't be so bad, but you eat more than any one in the house.—Boston Traveller.

The ivory market at Antwerp, organised scarcely five years ago, has become the largest one in the world—larger than the two other great markets, that of London and that of Liverpool.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

A CYCLING PHENOMENON.

The Remarkable Performances of a Lady of Denver.

Among the women of pluck and energy in Denver is a dainty little lady, Mrs. Rhinehart, who is surprising the world at large by her wonderful exploits upon the wheel. Mrs. Rhinehart is the wife of one of Denver's leading photographers. She is a native of California, having lived in Colorado but five years. On Sept. 20, 1895, Mrs. Rhinehart took her first ride, and, finding that she enjoyed it, she invested in a wheel. Dec. 14 she made her first century, and when April arrived she had ridden three centuries, and, in company with her husband, had toured old Mexico upon her wheel.

Up to the present date Mrs. Rhinehart has ridden 44 centuries in all, and

during July gained a worldwide fame by riding ten centuries in ten consecutive days. She followed that July 22 with a double century, which she accomplished in 20 hours and 20 minutes, riding the last 40 miles in darkness, mud and rain. Feeling confident that she could lower her record for 200 miles, Mrs. Rhinehart started out on the morning of Aug. 7 at 3:35 and in 7 hours and 50 minutes covered a distance of 102 miles. After resting 30 minutes she started once more and accomplished the second 102 miles in 9 hours and 45 minutes, making the entire 204 miles in 17 hours and 35 minutes. This was done entirely for her own gratification and pleasure, yet Mrs. Rhinehart made a complete registration of her arrivals and departures. If her feat were to be questioned, she could produce the necessary affidavits. She recently rode nine miles, from Laramie to Red Buttes, Wy., up hill all the way, in 39 minutes. She carried the packet for that stage in the relay race across the continent.

Mrs. Rhinehart's record is one that is not equaled by many male bicyclists, and probably by no lady rider in the country. She rides purely for pleasure. She has never cared to break any record and has refused to enter contests. She is an easy, graceful rider, averaging 13 miles an hour, coming out fresh and untired at the end of trips that few could endure. Her fastest riding is always done near the finish. When she began riding, Mrs. Rhinehart was an invalid. She is now the picture of health and laughs most heartily over the dismal prediction that she is killing herself riding. She is a slight young woman, with large brown eyes, golden hair, and is a perfect gypsy in color. Her riding costume is a short divided skirt, sweater, golf hose and low shoes. During her long rides she is particular that her clothing shall be very loose, so that every muscle may have full play.—Detroit Free Press.

An Autumn Waist.

An autumn round waist suitable for plain or fancy cloth or silk is made over a closely fitted lining, the back showing no seams, with small overlapping plaits at the waist. The front is shirred at the waist line with a box plait in the center that does not droop at all at the belt, with five narrower plaits at each side, forming a yoke effect. The sleeves are plaited into armholes, and are moderately full, but with no stiff interlining. The decoration consists of a fitted pointed ceinture boned on the sides and at the front and back of the pointed girdle, a high collar with velvet points flaring out from the straight band. The box plait down the front has the upper portion covered with a pointed velvet tab. Small gold or silver buttons are used to finish the velvet decorations. The skirt is cut with seven gores, narrower in outline than those of seasons past, but with a slight flare still left in the lower half. —New York Post.

Handkerchiefs.

There is always a right and a wrong way to carry one's handkerchief, as to do everything else. Just at present the only proper way is to tuck the little square of linen and lace in one's sleeve at the wrist, allowing it to fall and partially conceal the hand, something after the manner of the pretty wrist flounces on the new sleeve. Do not commit so marked a breach of good form as to tuck your handkerchief in at any part of your bodice, but if you want to get the full ornamental value from its pretty border of point de venise or Irish lace, no more effectual method could be devised than this newest fashion. The single consideration, however, that it is a new idea is perhaps having more weight with the majority of women, who are rapidly converting the fashion into a fad.—Philadelphia Times.

Three Strong Characters.

Mrs. Clara C. Hoffman, president of the Missouri W. C. T. U., Mrs. Louise S. Rounds, president of the Illinois W. C. T. U., and Mrs. Helen M. Barker, national treasurer, were all born in St. Lawrence county, N. Y., within a few miles of each other. It took the rocky soil of old St. Lawrence to send forth three such strong, rugged characters. New York is proud of these three of its many gifted daughters.—Exchange.

Bulow's Marvelous Memory.

I have referred to Bulow's astonishing feat of memorizing Kiel's concerto, which the man who wrote it could not accompany without notes. His accuracy was almost infallible. He was once rehearsing a composition of Liszt's for orchestra in that composer's presence without notes. Liszt interrupted to say that a certain note should have been played piano. "No," replied Bulow. "It is sforzando." "Look and see," persisted the composer. The score was produced. Bulow was right. How everybody did applaud! In the excitement one of the brass wind players lost his place. "Look for a b flat in your part," said Bulow, still without his notes. "Five measures farther on I wish to begin."—Bernard Boekelman in Century.

Couldn't Bear the Disgrace.

"What's that? An alderman committed suicide?"

"Yes, he didn't have relatives enough for all the jobs at his disposal."—Detroit Tribune.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine suited for any season, but perhaps more generally needed when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of the medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fever. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c or $1.00 per bottle at R R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Mothers

Anxiously watch declining health of their daughters. So many are cut off by consumption in early years that there is real cause for anxiety. In the early stages, when not beyond the reach of medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla will restore the quality and quantity of the blood and thus give good health. Read the following letter:

"It is but just to write about my daughter Cora, aged 19. She was completely run down, declining, had that tired feeling, and friends said she would not live over three months. She had a bad

Cough

and nothing seemed to do her any good. I happened to read about Hood's Sarsaparilla and had her give it a trial. From the very first dose she began to get better. After taking a few bottles she was completely cured and her health has been the best ever since." MRS. ADDIE PECK, 12 Railroad Place, Amsterdam, N. Y.

"I will say that my mother has not stated my case in as strong words as I would have done. Hood's Sarsaparilla has truly cured me and I am now well." CORA PECK, Amsterdam, N. Y.

Be sure to get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

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Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	5
Standard		@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔	8	@	7
Shoulders ℔	6	@	6¾
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔		@	7¼
Shoulders ℔	4½	@	5
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each	1 30	@	1 35
BEESWAX ℔		@	23
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 00	@	7 00
Northern ℔ M	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔	10	@	16
Northern	18	@	25
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	45	@	47½
Virginia Meal	43	@	50
COTTON TIES, ℔ bundle		@	65
CANDLES— ℔			
Sperm	18	@	35
Adamantine	8	@	10
CHEESE— ℔			
Northern Factory	12	@	13½
Dairy, Cream	14	@	14½
Skims		@	10
COFFEE— ℔			
Laguyra	20	@	
Rio	15½	@	15
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ℔ dozen	7	@	8
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	18 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	3 00	@	3 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 50
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	3 25	@	3 50
FLOUR— ℔ barrel—			
Low grade		@	4 00
Choice		@	4 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	5 00	@	5 75
GLUE— ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN— ℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	47½	@	50
Car load, in bags—White	47½	@	50
Oats, from store		@	37
Rice, Rough	45½	@	50
Cow Peas	50	@	50
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔—			
Clover Hay	75	@	80
Rice Straw		@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western		@	95
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔		@	4
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5½	@	6
North Carolina	5	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@1	25
LUMBER(city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	12 00	@	2000
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, unpressed	15 00	@	16 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	28
Porto Rico, in hhds	28	@	30
" " in bbls		@	32
Sugar-House, in hhds	23	@	24
" " in bbls	24	@	25
Syrup, in bbls	23	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	1 60	@1	65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	7 00
Rump		@	7 00
Prime		@	6 00
Extra Prime	50	@	55
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	60
Ladoo		@	60
Adamantine		@	60
On 120 ℔ Sack	60	@	60
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	2 00	@	4 00
Common	1 60	@	2 00
Cypress	3 50	@	5 00
SUGAR, ℔ ℔— Standard Granu'd		@	5½
Standard A		@	5½
White, Fair		@	5
C, Golden		@	4¾
Extra C, Golden		@	4¾
C, Yellow		@	4½
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern		@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	3 00	@	3 50
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	10 00
Mill, Prime		@	8 00
Mill, Ordinary	5 00	@	6 00
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Cabin, not to Ordinary		@	4 00
SHINGLES, R. C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 heart	7 00	@	8 00
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
4x20 Heart	4 00	@	4 50
" Sap	3 00	@	3 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	4½
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Monchetta, North Carolina	1 00	@	1 10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, May 22

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 25 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 24½ cents for country casks

ROSIN—Market steady at $1 25 per bbl for Strained and $1 30 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market firm at $1.65 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market firm: $1.30 per barrel for Hard, $1 80 for Yellow Dip and 1 90 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine steady, 33½, 33; rosin firm, $1 32½, 1 37½; tar steady, $1 00; crude turpentine firm, $1 80, 1 70, 1 80.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	127
Rosin	385
Tar	80
Crude Turpentine	99

Receipts same day last year—141 casks spirits turpentine, 490 bbls rosin, 96 bbls tar, 49 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5½ cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	6½ " "
Low Middling	7½ " "
Middling	7½ " "
Good Middling	7 13-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 7½c.

Receipts—3 bales; same day last year, 19.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 80c; Virginia—Extra Prime, 45@50c; Fancy, 55c.

CORN—Firm; 45@47½ cents per bushel

ROUGH RICE—65@70 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.50 to 2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch; $3.50 to 5.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $5.00 to 8.50 per M

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 22—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1¼@1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@4 per cent. Sterling exchange was steady; actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487½ for demand; 486@486¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 487 and 488@489¼. Commercial bills 485¾. Silver certificates—no report. Government bonds were steady; fives, registered, 113; fives, coupon, 113; fours registered, 110¾; fours, coupon, 113; twos, registered, 96 State bonds dull; North Carolina sixes 134; North Carolina fours 104. Railroad bonds firm.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 22.—Rosin steady; strained common to good $1 75. Spirits turpentine easier at 27½@27¾c.

CHARLESTON, May 21.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25c; sales — casks. Rosin firm; no sales; quotations: B, C, $1 25, D, E $1 30, F G $1 35, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 65, M $1 65, N $1 75, W G $1 85, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, May 22.—Spirits turpentine firm at 24¾@25c; sales 967 casks; receipts 1,733 casks. Rosin firm; sales 5,359 barrels; receipts 4 326 barrels; quotations as follows: A, B, C, D $1 30@1 35, E $1 35, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 60@1 65, I $1 70 K $1 80, M $1 85, N $2 00, W G $2 10, W W $2 40@2 50.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 22.—The cotton market advanced 3@5 points to day, chiefly on coverings following a better cable than looked for, a reported threat of a cold wave from the northwest to the southwest, and continued activity in the spot department. The sales of spot cotton to-day reached 3,078 bales, including 700 bales export and 2,378 bales spinners. This business was reported at full quotations. Shorts tried to cover, but found few sellers. The close was steady at a net advance of 1 to 3 points.

NEW YORK, May 22—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling 7¾c.

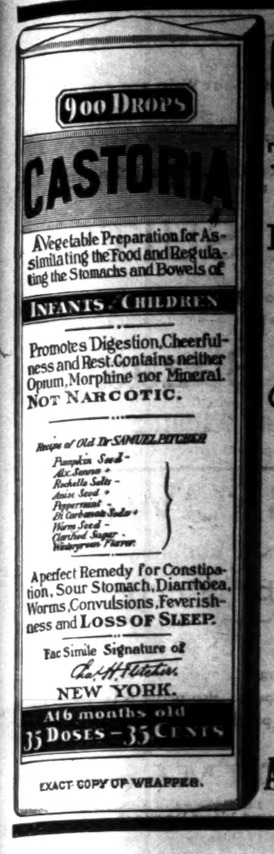
Cotton futures market closed steady; sales 35,700 bales; Jan'y 6 78, Feb'y 6 83, March 6 86, May 7 16, June 7 17, July 7 20, August 7 16, September 6 86, October 6 73, November 6 71, December 6 74

Spot cotton closed steady; middling uplands 7¾c; middling gulf 8c; sales of 3,078 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross — bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales 3 078 bales; sales to spinners 2,378 bales; stock (actual) 150,747 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 3,414 bales; exports to Great Britain 11,170 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 2,700 bales; stock 388,996 bales

Total since September 1—Net receipts 6 595,927 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,993,669 bales; exports to France 680 847 bales; exports to the Continent



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QUARTERLY MEETINGS

For the Wilmington District of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South:

Bladen Street, at night, May 19.
Fifth Street, May 23.
Onslow, at Swansboro, May 27, 28.
Jacksonville and Richlands, at Richlands, May 29, 30.
Columbus, June 4.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, at Fair Bluff, June 5, 6
Waccamaw, June 8.
Kenansville, at Warsaw, June 10, 11.
Magnolia, June 12, 13.
Bladen, June 19, 20.
Elizabeth, at Carver's Creek, June 26, 27.

The District Conference will meet at Clinton and will embrace the second Sunday in July.

R. C. BEAMAN,
Presiding Elder.

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Happy and Fruitful Marriage.

Every MAN who would know the GRAND TRUTHS, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and the New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for our wonderful little book, called "Complete Manhood and How to Attain It," to any earnest man we will mail one copy. Entirely Free, in plain sealed cover.

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TO BEARERS.

Maids, carry her forth—your dead,
Your pale young queen:
Two at her feet, two at her head
And four between.
Not as we wanted it,
But as God granted it.

Not now to the swinging chime,
To the organ swell,
Keep we the rank, treading in time—
But one dull bell.
Open the gates for her!
The bridegroom waits for her.

We never had dream'd it so,
But she—she knew.
Walking aloof, placid of brow,
Her short life through.
Composed in surety,
Guarding her purity.

Buds born for the bridal path
Cover her breast.
Babes of the dream now that she hath
Sleep in her rest.
Our peace above her let
Fall for her coverlet.

—Speaker.

SAVED FROM THE SEA

"Well, Jenny, it will be hard to part on the morrow."

Jenny turned away her head, looking out to sea with a wistful, sorrowful glance. The next moment my arm was about her waist.

"Jenny," I cried, "why should we part at all? If you will take me for a skipper, we'll sail through life together."

We were on board the bark Petrel of Greenock, with a miscellaneous cargo from the Mediterranean, and we were anchored in the roadstead of Havre. Jenny was the skipper's daughter and I only a passenger.

An official reorganization had set me at liberty, with a moderate pension. In the prime of life, with all the world before me, and ere making a fresh start, I had determined to have my "wander year." So, after having wandered over half of Europe, I found myself standing on the quay at Naples one tranquil evening.

I was suddenly accosted by name with friendly accents in my native tongue. It was some time before I recognized my interlocutor or could bring to mind under what circumstances I had previously met with Captain Macfarlane of the Petrel. All of a sudden I got the clew.

Up to the last 18 months I had been employed in the transport and victualing office in Whitehall. The Petrel had been chartered as a transport, and to Macfarlane, much bothered with official forms and circumlocutions, I had been of some little service, putting him in the way of getting his accounts passed.

"Why not take passage with me to old England?" urged the hospitable Scot. "It shan't cost you a bawbee. Go and fetch your traps and come on board with me."

Before I well knew what I was about I found myself and my portmanteau stowed away in the captain's gig. Next, I was swinging myself up the side of the Petrel, and then I saw a pair of great soft brown eyes looking down upon me.

"Hoot, it's just Jenny!" cried Macfarlane. "Jenny, this is Master Willie Thornley, to whom I'm under great obligations."

If it hadn't been for those baffling winds, we should have been safe enough. We did not get to be real right down friends, Jenny and I, for a whole fortnight, by which time we ought to have been in sight of the white cliffs of old England. But we had three weeks more of it—a happy halcyon time—that culminated in the scene with which I began this narrative.

We had called at Havre to dispose of part of our cargo, and the captain and mate having gone ashore left Jenny and me on board in charge.

What Jenny's feelings might have been after that decisive moment I cannot tell. All the difficulties and disadvantages attached to the step I had taken now showed themselves to my mind's eye in the strongest colors, and a life of straitened means and perpetual self denial presented themselves in ghastly array. Jenny had not noticed the sudden chill that came over me. She was too much agitated and occupied with her own feelings, and as her head rested on my shoulder I began to realize the truth that I had succeeded in winning for myself a charming, affectionate companion.

A loud crash from the awning above made us both look up. The sun was still shining, but to seaward a vast wall of vapor shut out everything. A shrill blast of wind trumpeted loudly in the rigging.

Jenny sprang to her feet and with admirable calmness began to lower the awning; but in a moment the wind was upon us in full force. The canvas flapped wildly, and then, torn away from its fastenings, flew away to leeward, visible for a minute in the sky, like a white sea bird, and then lost in the gloom.

She took up the binocular and peered anxiously through the mist. But no boat was to be seen. The sea seemed of a sudden deserted except for one or two fishing smacks to the southward that, with great brown sails half lowered, were scudding rapidly for the harbor.

Jenny left the poop and ran forward to the fore part of the vessel. I followed her, holding on by this and that, for our ship was now pitching heavily upon the swell.

The great black chain that as the vessel fell would be invisible in the waves as she rose stretched itself tight as a bowstring, with a clank and groan that made one shudder. Our lives hung upon that chain, that the waves seemed to sport with as a toy.

As we stood there a wave larger than the others rose upon us without warning and swept the deck with irresistible force, bearing everything movable with it. I clung desperately to a belaying pin, and Jenny clung to me, and after awhile the Petrel rose gallantly to the shock, the water streaming from her sides.

Drenched and cowed by the violence of the shock, we made our way back to the poop and found we had parted our anchor and were adrift.

The steward stood at the door of his caboose, having jammed himself into a secure position; a pipe was in his mouth and a black bottle in his hand. He looked at me with lackluster eyes. "Come along, man," I shouted in his ear; "come and help me to get up sail."

"What's the odds!" he [illegible] voice. "What's the odds? Let's be happy while we may!"

Jenny was at the wheel, shading her eyes with her hand, looking anxiously forward. Ah, what could I do among all the bewildering maze of cordage and rigging, all shaking and rattling in the wind—I, who hardly knew one rope from another!

But I made my way to the foremast and clambered up the rigging. Loose ropes and flying blocks threatened me every moment with destruction, but I held on to the ropes like grim death, and, inspired by the courage of despair, I essayed that which at another time I should have never dreamed of. I crawled out on the yard, with my knife in my teeth, and cut, one by one, the lashings that bound the sail to it.

The sail flew out with a tremendous report and threatened every moment to tear itself to tatters; but, seizing a rope, I slid down to the deck with a rapidity that took every morsel of skin off my ankles, and, getting hold of the rope that I saw controlled the movements of the sail, I hauled it in bit by bit and succeeded in making fast one side of the sail. The other offered less difficulty.

Jenny waved her hand triumphantly from the poop. The ship began to move through the water, no longer to drift helpless and forlorn. We should clear the headland, that now loomed so ominously upon us, crouching there like some hungry animal awaiting his prey.

As the sun went down it came on to blow harder and more from the westward. The sail ceased to draw, beginning to shake and flap.

"She will go no nearer the wind," cried Jenny, "and we drift continuously to leeward. You must haul that sheet tighter. It's our only chance."

I was running forward to my work, when a block, detached from the rigging by the wind, struck me on the head, and I fell to the deck insensible.

When I came to myself, my head was aching violently, although it seemed to be supported by a soft pillow. It was quite dark, and the air was full of noise.

"Where am I?" I said feebly. I felt arms about me and a kiss on my forehead.

"We shall be ashore, dear, in five minutes," said a voice in my ear.

"Willie," said Jenny once more in my ear, "if you get safe ashore, will you give my love to father?"

Then I found that I was lying beneath the shelter of the poop deck, protected a little by that from the seas that were breaking over us, and that a life belt was fastened under my arms. Jenny was crouched beside me holding my hand.

We grounded upon an outrunning spit, and instantly the sea made a clean sweep over us. I had seized Jenny at the moment of striking, and we were hurried away together in a hideous trough of cordage and timber.

I lost my senses for awhile, to find myself jammed in between two fragments of rock. Jenny was gone.

Time passed, hardly I know how, till the moon rose. The tide was down, but the surf reached to the very base of the cliffs. The flood would come presently, and I should perish.

Then I heard voices below me and by the moonlight saw men groping about among the rocks beneath me.

They were full of compassion and kindness. They carried me along the base of the cliffs by a footpath among the debris till they reached a smooth gap in the wall of chalk, by which they ascended. I was presently carried to a house, stripped and placed in a warm bed. I recollect just this much and then memory fails me.

As soon as I could get about I went down to Havre to inquire about the Petrel at our consulate. She was lost, I was told, on such and such a night with all hands on board. The captain had returned home two months ago.

I left my watch with the good farmer who had taken care of me as some recompense for the trouble and expense to which he had been put. I landed without any clothes but those I wore, and with only a few shillings in my pocket. But there was money due to me for my pension, and I took a cab to the paymaster's office to get it.

"William Thornley," said the clerk, looking at his list. "Why, he's dead—struck off the list two months ago. You're the man, you say. I'm sorry to say that only a treasury order will bring you to life again."

The personnel of the office was almost entirely changed since I was last in England. I went to the old office. One of my old chums was still there, and him I found out. He looked at me, stared, burst into laughter. "What, you're not drowned, then!" he cried.

"Drowned! No, but precious near it. Who stopped my pension, pray?"

"Oh, some friends of yours came here—a seafaring party and a pretty girl in deep mourning—a deuced pretty girl," said my friend, pausing.

"Well, they gave me a long account of you lost on board the Petrel. Why he came to me was that he remembered my name as a fellow who knew you, don't you see? By Jove, here they are!"

I was sitting with my back to the door and turned my head toward it. A young woman in black ran forward with a scream. I sprang to my feet and clasped Jenny in my arms.

Her father, it turned out, had been on the cliff and had followed the Petrel along the shore all that eventful night. It happily chanced that there was a crane used for raising blocks of chalk from a quarry half way down, and aided by some boatmen, he had descended by this means the face of the precipice and had caught hold of his daughter as she was swept away from me in the last mad rush of waters.

"I wish you'd have stopped drowned," said my friend between his teeth. But for all that he stood best man at my wedding.—New York Press.

HE PLAYS WITH WORDS.

Got Into the Habit Long Ago and Can't Shake It Off.

"I often amuse myself," said a philologist, "by trying to ascertain how many words I can make out of the letters of any word that I may happen to think of and may use for experiment. Take, for example, a short word, such as 'rat,' and you will at once notice that the letters of it give art, at, tar, and, if you like, tartar. There came to my mind last night the long word 'comprehensive,' and I suppose that nearly 100 other words can be formed from the 13 letters contained in it. The various words took shape very rapidly in my mind, and I seized a pen to jot them down. Here is the sheet of paper. As you run through them I would like you to keep in your mind's eye the word 'comprehensive,' from which all of them are drawn:

prehensive	spin	ben	mire
pensive	spine	hope	men
prove	sheen	hone	move
prone	scene	home	nip
prose	sense	beep	rip
prim	sieve	hire	snip
prime	shove	him	ripe
pin or pins	seven	his	rope
pine	some	her	rove
repine	sip	cope	vim
spine	sire	cover	vice
peevish	shire	cove	verse
pare	sheer	cone	vine
pen	sinner	come	vein
shop	horse	mop	over
ship	hive	mope	ever
sheep	his	mine	even
sin	hire	mere	nose
shin	hem	more	open
shine			

"Any one can carry on the experiment with this fertile word 'comprehensive' as much farther as he pleases. It is no better word for the purpose than 1,000 other words in the English language.

"I got into the habit of practicing with words in this way when I was a boy, and I can't get out of it. It often helps to put me to sleep at night, and it sometimes takes up my mind when I am walking in the street or dining at my club or holding a conversation. It is a bothersome habit. When I was introduced the other day to a man named Wilson, I set to work at once upon his name, out of which I got win, won, sin, son, now, sow, soil, no and on, and I also sought to justify myself in getting wo, because the word woe was often spelled that way in old times.

"The habit bothers me in reading, for many a time I cannot help stopping to indulge in it. I stand ready to warn every person against falling into it, for I do not believe that any one who takes it up can ever shake it off. That's my experience."—Exchange.

An international exhibition of gastronomy and of culinary art is to take place at Vienna in 1898 in honor of the fiftieth anniversary of the "reign of the emperor of Austria-Hungary.

Mail between New York and Auckland is 26 days in passage.

THE RED TERROR.

This story I can only tell as it was told to me by the son of a man who took an active part in the French revolution.

Incredible as the narrative may seem to the average reader, the old gentleman who related the incident to me firmly believed it, and a few experts in electricity have admitted that such things are possible.

When the revolution was at its height in Paris during 1792, a young doctor named Gaspard met a horrible fate under very singular circumstances. The doctor was devoted to science. He had mastered many of the secrets of electricity, and there is good reason to believe that if he had lived in our generation he would have been far in advance of our leading electricians.

Dr. Gaspard loved science and hated Dumont, a dreaded rival in his own particular field. One night Dumont was arrested and carried before the revolutionary tribunal. He was tried and convicted of treason before midnight and was sentenced to die at an early hour the next morning.

In this case, so hurriedly disposed of, the prosecutor was Gaspard. He made the affidavit which caused the arrest, and he was the only witness against the prisoner.

The square where the execution took place was crowded at sunrise, for there were 30 persons to suffer the death penalty.

Dumont was a young man of gigantic size. He was very tall, with a massive frame, and his head loomed far above his fellow prisoners. He had nothing to say, but his roving eyes searched the ranks of the spectators until they finally rested upon one face—the face of his false friend, Gaspard.

With a mighty effort the prisoner burst his bonds.

"Villain," he shouted in a ringing voice as he pointed to the man who had betrayed him, "my death will be avenged! Your hour of door is near at hand!"

He was roughly seized. His wrists were bound again, and the beating of the drums drowned his voice.

Gaspard hid himself in the crowd and waited.

He did not have to wait long. His enemy was the first victim, and the guillotine had hardly severed the head before the remains were placed on a stretcher and carried to the doctor's laboratory close at hand.

Gaspard locked his doors at once. He had everything ready for his experiment. A few stitches reunited the head to the body, and the doctor went to work with his electrical appliances.

Just what occurred in the laboratory will never be known.

There were still ten persons to be executed, when the people around the guillotine were struck dumb with horror by a spectacle more shocking than the scenes which they had just witnessed on the scaffold.

Dr. Gaspard was seen rushing from his laboratory in a frenzy of frantic terror. Close to his heels followed Dumont.

The pursuer's dress was disordered and covered with crimson streaks from his neck downward to his feet. His face, convulsed with pain and rage, was a horrible sight to behold.

When they had recovered from their fright sufficiently to move, the spectators scattered in every direction, leaving only the executioners, the guards and the prisoners who were waiting their turn to mount the scaffold.

Straight through the square the two doctors darted, Gaspard uttering the most terrifying cries, while the other sped along in silence.

The two reached a narrow street leading to the river, and then came the most exciting part of the race.

They had traversed about 200 yards when the stitches became loosened in Dumont's neck. Quick as lightning the victim of the guillotine snatched off his bleeding head and continued to run, holding the gory, ghastly thing in one hand, with its staring eyes fixed on Gaspard.

The wretched fugitive, looking backward, saw this new horror, and with, blood curdling yell, he almost doubled his speed.

Onward and still onward they flew, the pursuer slowly gaining in the race. Scared shopkeepers closed their doors. Women shrieked from their windows and fainted. Brave soldiers turned white with fear, and many old people fell upon their knees and crossed themselves.

Looking neither to the right nor to the left, Gaspard rushed onward, continuing his cries.

Attracted by the uproar, the judge who had sentenced Dumont stopped his carriage and waited with his daughter to ascertain the meaning of it all. The young lady was Gaspard's sweetheart, and when she saw her lover flying before the red and headless avenger behind him she gave a despairing scream. The fugitive saw her, but dared not stop.

Without pausing, Dumont, when he passed the carriage, suddenly gave his head a swing and hurled it through the air. It landed in the lap of the judge's daughter, and, seeing its staring eyes looking into her own, the poor girl gave another scream and then fainted.

The judge's horses dashed away at the top of their speed, and the few people who saw the affair barred their doors and fell to praying in good earnest.

Gaspard was about 50 yards from the quay when Dumont caught him. The headless man wound one crimson arm around the captured doctor and then dragged him rapidly to the river.

A moment's pause and the struggling doctor was forced to leap into the water with the red terror, in whose grip he was utterly helpless.

It was a hopeless, frightened face that disappeared under the black current. This was all that a party of pleasure seekers in a boat near the scene could tell about it afterward.

Almost before they knew it those in the boat saw the two men disappear. They saw a moment later a crimson spot on the surface of the water, but that was all. The bodies were never seen again.

This strange occurrence would have attracted the world's attention but for the fact that the revolution furnished new sensations every day. As it was, it was soon forgotten in a city where the guillotine flooded the streets with blood every morning.—Wallace P. Reed in Atlanta Constitution.

New Mexico and Consumptives.

"It is a shame for physicians to send consumptives to New Mexico to die," said Dr. William Owens, an educated, full blooded Choctaw Indian. "It is one of the grandest and most healthful climates in the world," he added, "but physicians wait until it is too late before they let their patients obtain the benefit of it. More than 50 per cent of the people from the north who go to New Mexico are dying with consumption before they leave home, and some only last a few weeks—sometimes days—after arriving. These same people, if sent there at the proper time, would gain much benefit from the climate. The majority of them make their headquarters along the Rio Grande and in Santa Fe and Silver City."—Washington Post.

Planet Chaff.

Archibald—Some astronomers say that Mars is signaling some other planet.

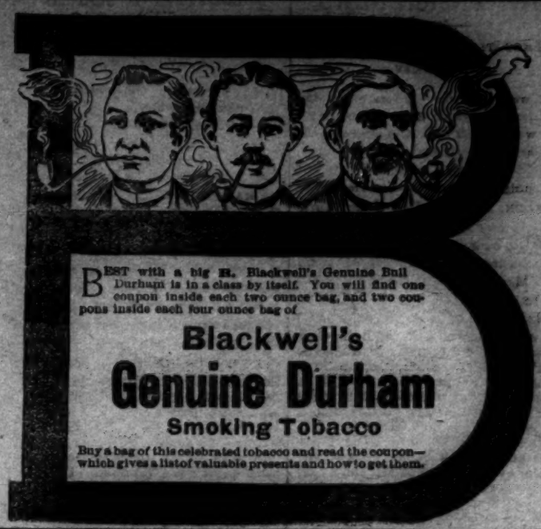
Mary—Maybe that is why Saturn has her ring of lights—to show that she's engaged.—Harper's Bazar.

Stands at the Head.

Aug. J. Bogel, the leading druggist of Shreveport, La., says: "Dr. King's New Discovery is the only thing that cures my cough, and it is the best seller that I have." J. F. Campbell, merchant of Safford, Ariz., writes: "Dr. King's New Discovery is all that is claimed for it; it never fails, and is a sure cure for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. I cannot say enough for its merits." Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is not an experiment. It has been tried for a quarter of a century, and to-day stands at the head. It never disappoints. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.



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For further information see the bulletins for years past. We lead, others follow.

Correspondence invited. jan 17 tf

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Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

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J. D. CROOM, President.
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ja 1m

Attention Representatives

TO THE GRAND CHAPTER AND OASIS Temple. While in the city call at Prempert's Barber Shop, 11 South Front street, for a first-class Shave, Hair Cut or anything in that line. We will fix you up in fine shape for the parade.

Respectfully,
ARTHUR PREMPERT,
11 South Front street.

may 13 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 16, 1897.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.40 a m, Warsaw 10.51 a m, Goldsboro 11.55 a m, Wilson 12.46 p m, Rocky Mount 1.20 p m, Tarboro 2.00 p m, Weldon 2.30 p m, Petersburg 3.54 p m, Richmond 6.00 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.15 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.35 p m, Warsaw 9.10 p m, Goldsboro 10.10 p m, Wilson 11.05 p m, †Tarboro 0.45 a m, Rocky Mount 11.57 p m, Weldon 1.44 a m, †Norfolk 10.30 a m, Petersburg 3.54 a m, Richmond 4.50 a m, Washington 7.41 a m, Baltimore 9.05 a m, Philadelphia 11.35 a m, New York 2.50 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND.

DAILY 3.40 P M — No. 59—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.15 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.4[illegible] p m, Florence 7.25 p m, Sumter 8.42 p m, Columbia 10.05 p m, Denmark 8.30 a m, Augusta 6.10 a m, Macon 11.40 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.30 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.30 a m, St. Augustine 10.30 a m, Tampa 5.40 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1.05 p m, †New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.40 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.55 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 3.40 a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.48 p m, Wilson 1.34 p m, Goldsboro 2.10 p m, Warsaw 4.08 p m, Magnolia 4.15 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.20 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.25 p m, Washington 3.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.13 p m, †Norfolk 3.30 p m, Weldon 9.45 p m, †Tarboro 6.51 p m, Rock Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.30 a m, Goldsboro 7.08 a m, Warsaw 7.54 a m, Magnolia 8.07 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 p m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.25 a m, Sanford 3.19 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m Savannah 12.45 night, Charleston 5.30 a m, Columbia 8.50 a m, Atlanta 6.30 a m, Macon 9.30 a m, Augusta 3.05 p m, Denmark 4.55 p m, Sumter 6.45 a m., Florence 8.55 a m, Marion 9.34 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.00 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4.10 p m, Halifax 6.32 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.30 p m, Greenville 6.57 p m, Kinston 7.50 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.37 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 10 a m, Weldon 11 33 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.30 a m and 1.00 p m, arrive Parmele 9.10 a m and 5.40 p m, returning leaves Parmele 9.35 a m and 6.30 p m, arrives Washington 11 00 a m and 7.30 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 p m, Sunday, 4 05 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.45 p m and 6 p m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7 30 a m, and Sunday 9 a m. Arrive Tarboro 10.05 a m and 11 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.30 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 9.20 a m. Returning, leave Smithfield 9 00 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 10.55 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 5 a m, Nashville 5.35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 7 00 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at, 8.30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 9.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.10 a m, arrive Latta 9.30 a m, Dillon 9 42 a m, Rowland 10 00 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5 10 p m, arrives Dillon 5.30 p m, Latta 5.44 p m, Pee Dee 6.06 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 1.00 p m, leave Conway 2 45 p m, Chadbourn 5 43 p m, arrive Hub 6.36 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 48 p m, Manning 7.10 p m, arrive Lane's 7 48 p m, leave Lanes 8.05 a m, Manning 9.00 a m, arrive Sumter 9.30 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 55 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 9.14 p m, leave Georgetown 1 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 3.35 a m, 5.20 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Chesw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday 6 55 a m, arrive Darlington 9 05 a m, Cheraw 10 40 a m. Wadesboro 3 25 p m, leave Florence daily except Sunday 5.10 p m, arrive Darlington 6.40 p m, Hartsville 9 35 p m, Bennettsville 9 36 p m, Gibson 10 p m. Leave Florence Sunday only 9 a m, arrive Darlington 9.37 a m, Hartsville 10 a m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7 40 a m. Leave Hartsville daily except Sunday 6 20 a m, arrive Darlington 7 15 a m, leave Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 15 a m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3 p m, Cheraw 5 15 p m, Darlington 6 10 p m, arrive Florence 7 00 p m. Leave Hartsville Sunday only 7 a m, Darlington 7 45 a m, arrive Florence 8 10 a m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 3.05 p m, 11.15 p m, arrive Selma 3.50 p m; Smithfield 5.06 p m, Dunn 5.30 p m, Fayetteville 6.40 p m. 1.14 a m, Rowland 6.30 p m, returning leave Rowland 10.00 a m, Fayetteville 11.30 a m, 10.20 p m, Dunn 12.01 p m, Smithfield 12.46 p m, Selma 1.00 p m, arrive Wilson 1.42 p m, 12.10 a m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 40 a m, Creston 5 34 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 55 p m, arrive 6 47 p m, Sumter 7 40 p m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pregnalls 9.15 a m. Returning leaves Pregnalls 10 p m; arrives Creston 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.16 a m and 7.46 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.45 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Elliot 8.35 a m and 4.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 18 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
No. 46	No. 48		No. 47	No. 49
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
4 00	2 00	Lv...Walnut street...Ar	12 40	10 40
4 09	2 10	Lv....Surry street....Ar	12 30	10 30
9 50		Ar...Jacksonville.....Lv		5 30
11 00	3 35	Lv.....Mayesville.....Ar	10 40	10 30
11 35	4 30	Lv.....Mayesville.....Lv	10 00	9 58
12 20	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville....Lv	9 35	9 35
1 05	5 20	Ar...Newbern.....Lv	8 50	8 50
P M	P M		A M	A M

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 5 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo. D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
†Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
‡ Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.			GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.		STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 30	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 12	Kinston.....	10 38	.....
7 15	5 00	Newbern.....	9 57	9 57
8 07	6 03

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1897

CALHOUN'S REPORT.

It Will Not be Made Until After His Return From Cuba—Large Number of Americans Needing Relief in Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—To set at rest the common expectation that a more or less sensational report upon the situation in Cuba is looked for any day by the President, it may be stated that it is not part of the understanding under which Mr. Calhoun went to Havana that he is to make a report by mail, or indeed at all, until he returns to Washington, then his observations may be communicated to the President verbally and not in an official form, for it is a fact that Mr. Calhoun's only official duty is an investigation of the Ruiz case.

Speaker Reed was at the State Department to-day and conferred for some time with Secretary Sherman, presumably touching the legislative prospects of the Morgan resolution. An interview between the President and Senator Burrows, who has taken a strong position in resistance to the resolution at this time, gives evidence that the Cuban situation is still occupying a large share of the attention of the administration. The stormy events at Madrid yesterday have not escaped observation and there is some apprehension of reflex action in Cuba.

A telegram was received at the State Department this morning from Consul General Lee indicating that the number of Americans in need of relief in Cuba is much larger than was supposed at first. The consul general says that the number may reach 1,200. The consul at Matanzas reports 250 there, and the consul at Sagua 450.

General Lee also cabled the State Department that the Spanish officials have released Fernando Govin, an American citizen who has been under arrest, and he will leave the island.

CONFEDERATE MONUMENT.

Unveiled in Mount Hope Cemetery, Westchester County, New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, May 23.—The monument given by Charles Broadway Rouss, the millionaire New York merchant to the Confederate Veterans Camp, was dedicated this afternoon in Mount Hope Cemetery in West Chester county. There were several thousand people present at the exercises. There was a procession from the Mount Hope station to the cemetery. Commander A. G Dickinson and his staff headed it. Then followed delegations from the Old Guard Society, Charleston Society, United States Grant Post, Brooklyn Post, Elizabeth Veteran Zouaves, Alexander Hamilton Post, Farragut Association of Naval Veterans and others.

The monument was presented to the camp by Comrade William S. Kelley in behalf of the donor, and it was accepted by Commander Dickerson in behalf of the camp. Rev. Dr. Stephen H. Granberry, the chaplain of the camp, delivered the prayer, which was followed by the singing of the hymn, "Nearer, my God, to Thee," by a boy choir. After the dedication the graves of veterans of the Southern army were strewn with flowers. After an hour or so the visitors returned to the city, where a reception will be given to Mr. Rouss this evening.

The monument is the finest in the cemetery. It cost $5,000. It is of New England granite, sixty feet high on a base of ten feet. The pedestal is composed of only three pieces, and is nine feet high.

The following inscription is at the base of the monument: "Sacred to the memory of the heroic dead of the Confederate veteran camp of New York."

THE POOLING BILL.

Practically a Substitute for All Existing Laws Regulating Commerce Between the States.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Senate committee on inter-State commerce was in session for almost three hours to day considering the pooling bill. Owing to the fact that several of the members of the committee were absent, no final conclusions were reached. All sections of the bill received attention, however, and it is believed that the measure has been made acceptable to a majority of the members of the committee.

The Foraker bill was used as the basis of the proceedings of the committee, but various amendments were suggested and several informally agreed upon. The bill will practically be a substitute for all existing laws regulating commerce between the States, and will legalize pooling under certain restrictions. One of the amendments agreed upon to day limits all pooling contracts to four years' duration, and requires that they shall be submitted to the commission for approval. Another gives the Inter State Commerce Commission power to maintain supervision of rate schedules during their continuance, and to demand that reasonable changes be made by railroad companies upon the written complaint of any community.

The committee will meet again next Wednesday, when it is hoped that a report will be authorized.

RIOT AT HOMESTEAD, PA.

Italian Laborers Attacked by Idle Workmen—A Number Seriously Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PITTSBURG, May 23.—Enraged that work which they believed should have been given to them instead of imported labor, a half hundred idle men at Homestead last night laid siege to two shanties in which were sleeping an equal number of Italians, brought here from Virginia to work on the extension of the Homestead and Highland Street Railway. The attacking party was armed with sticks and stones and the foreigners, frightened almost to death, fled precipitately from the houses. A hand-to-hand scrimmage followed, during which a number of the Italians were seriously injured. The attacking party then withdrew and two hours later the Italians returned. A second attack was made on the shanties and an attempt to burn them, but this time the foreigners drove their assailants off. This morning the Italians went to work under the protection of officers, but the feeling against them is so strong that more trouble is expected. The imported men are working under contract at 75 cents a day.

The weekly bank statement shows the following changes: Reserve, increase, $1,508,450; loans decrease, $998 800; specie, increase, $168,900; legal tenders, increase, $1,524,800; deposits, decrease, $81,400; circulation, decrease, $78,800. The banks now hold $49 998,950 in excess of legal requirements.

NOW IS THE TIME to purify your blood, and Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best medicine for the purpose. Thousands of great cures prove that it is the One True Blood Purifier.

HOODS PILLS are the favorite family cathartic and liver medicine. Price 25c. †

TARIFF BILL FIGHT

WILL BE INAUGURATED BY DEMOCRATIC SENATORS.

With a Motion to Strike Out the Internal Revenue Feature Increasing the Tax on Beer and Tobacco—There Will Be No Opposition to Consideration of the Bill.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The Democratic Senators held a caucus to-day and decided to inaugurate their fight upon the Tariff bill as soon as the bill is taken up in the Senate, by a motion to strike out the internal revenue features of the bill relating to beer and tobacco.

This result was reached after a discussion in which practically all the Senators present participated. The conclusion was unanimous that this was the wise and politic course to pursue. The talk was based largely upon the proposition to increase the tax upon beer, which was generally criticised as an effort to increase the price of "the poor man's beverage," which was pronounced wholly unjustifiable in time of peace and with $190,000,000 of idle money in the treasury. The proposed beer tax was condemned as a war tax.

The discussion of other features of the Tariff bill was only desultory and no conclusion beyond that stated was reached. The sugar schedule was the subject of frequent remark and there was discussion of the advisability of offering a substitute for it, but no conclusion to that effect was arrived at. It was made apparent that every Democratic Senator present would probably vote against it.

Senator Gorman urged the advisability of the introduction of a substitute for the entire bill, and a speech in support of the proposition, but it was soon made apparent that the sentiment of the caucus was almost unanimous in opposition to this course and the proposition was not pressed to a vote. Mr. Gorman gave only a brief outline of a substitute. He said he thought a bill could be prepared which would levy a revenue duty on tea and coffee and other articles which would increase the Government customs receipts sufficiently to make the Wilson bill satisfactory and thus score a point of importance.

The general sentiment of the caucus was opposed to any policy of delay. No set speeches will be made in opening the debate and there probably will be no effort from the Democratic side of the chamber to prevent the taking up of the schedule immediately after Mr. Aldrich's preliminary statement is concluded.

The Democrats expect that disagreements will develop among the Republicans and for this reason no general opinion was expressed in the caucus as to the time that will be consumed by the debate.

At the conclusion of the caucus Senator Gorman, chairman, gave out the following statement concerning it;

"The conference of Democratic Senators was held to-day and it was unanimously agreed by them that, notwithstanding the delay in furnishing the comparative statements which would enable them intelligently to consider the bill, there would be no opposition to immediately proceeding with the consideration of the same on Tuesday, as they recognized the business interests of the country require as speedy a disposition of the question as is consistent with an intelligent consideration of the measure. They were further unanimously of the opinion that the excessive increases in rates on imported articles provided for both in the Dingley bill and as reported to the Senate, should be antagonized only to the extent of exposing their enormities. Recognizing, however, that the Republican party is committed to these increases the Democrats will be content with only a fair discussion upon these propositions.

"The Democrats were further unanimously of the opinion that they would oppose the increased tax on beer, tobacco, cigars and other items embraced in the internal revenue schedules. Neither party was committed to such increases and there is no governmental necessity for such increased burdens upon these articles."

Senator Aldrich, of the Republican side of the Senate Finance Committee, expressed the opinion when informed of the decision of the Democrats to move to strike out the internal revenue part of the bill, that the motion would fail. He said it was "most unusual not to say unprecedented" to attack the last part of the bill first. He said he had heard no criticism from any source of the provision to increase the beer tax.

MATCH GAMES OF CHESS

Between Members of the U. S. House of Representatives and the British House of Commons.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, May 23.—The arrangements for the match games of chess between five selected individual players of the House of Representatives and a like number from the British House of Commons were practically completed to-day. The games will be begun at 2 o'clock p. m., Washington time, and 7 o'clock London time, May 31st, and continue four hours, fifteen moves to the hour. If not completed in the agreed time the games will be finished on June 1st.

A single consultation game, in which all the members of both teams may consult as to the moves, will be played on a date to be fixed by the Englishmen.

Two wires between Washington and New York will be given up to the games, and it is expected that not more than three minutes will be consumed in transmitting the several moves between London and Washington.

The American players will draw lots for their British competitors and their places at the tables. The Washington end of the games will be played in the House Foreign Affairs Committee room, to which only a few invited guests, including Speaker Reed and the British ambassador, will be admitted. Seven players have been chosen, from which the five to compete will be selected in a day or two. They are: Representatives Shannon, of New York; Safroth, of Colorado; Bodine, of Missori; Handy, of Delaware; Pearson, of North Carolina; Plowman, of Alabama, and Degraffenried, of Texas. It is almost certain that the first five names will be selected.

HAWAII AND GREAT BRITAIN.

The Purpose of a Proposed Visit of Honolulu Officials to London.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, Mass., May 23.—Private advices received in Boston from Honolulu say:

"It has leaked out that the proposed visit of Hon. S. M. Damon and Jaukea, to London, has a deeper significance than the bearing of the congratulations of the Hawaiian Government on the occasion of the Queen's jubilee and it is stated, on what is considered excellent authority that if the movements at Washington in connection with the sugar schedule of the Tariff bill to abrogate the Hawaiian reciprocity treaty, are successful, Minister Damon and Major Jaukea, will, it is asserted, proceed at once to the negotiation of a treaty of cession of the Hawaiian islands to Great Britain."

"Tommy" Ryan has deposited $500 for a bout at Syracuse, N. Y., with "Kid" McCoy, at 154. Tommy West at any weight, or any other 145 pound man in the world.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

PEACE NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN GREECE AND TURKEY.

The Powers in Entire Agreement on the Question—A Neutral Zone Established Between the Hostile Armies—Popular Feeling at Athens Against the Royal Family.

[Copyright 1897 by the Associated Press.]

LONDON, May 23.—The Græco-Turk trouble is now fairly entered upon its diplomatic bargaining stage and the negotiations are expected to last for some time. Many important differences have to be settled and the Sultan of Turkey may be counted upon to drag the affair along as much as possible, with the view of bringing out the latent jealousies of the Powers. His prompt compliance with the Czar's request to arrange for an armistice is not attributed entirely to his desire to please the Czar, but it is looked upon as a stroke of diplomacy intended to excite the resentment of some other Power and thus weaken the concert. Thus far everything tends to show that the Powers remain in entire agreement on the question. A European conference is discussed, but it is not thought likely to take place until the preliminaries of peace are arranged. Then the ambassadors at Constantinople with the delegates of Turkey and Greece, may meet to settle upon the treaty of peace. There is a strong feeling in favor of international control of the Greek finances, without which the payment of the indemnity in Turkey and the interest on the Greek debt is declared to be impossible.

The Greeks insist that if an indemnity is imposed upon them there will be a general collapse and serious internal troubles will occur. They estimate the damage done to Thessaly at twenty-five million drachms and that another ten million drachms will be needed to supply the peasants with food and tools. Moreover, they add, the revenue will be greatly reduced owing to the immediate damage done to cultivation throughout the country, due to the absence of thousands of workers.

This year's budget will probably leave a deficit of sixty million drachmas. The Greek statements, however, are now received with a certain skepticism. It is pointed out that by the admissions of the Greeks themselves, seventy per cent. of the interest of the debt, which they have not paid, has been set aside in order to have money for the war and that consequently Greece is certainly in a position to continue thirty per cent. interest and probably considerably more if her finances are placed under international control.

Advices from the scenes of the recent fighting mention the possibility of a serious epidemic of disease when the heat increases, owing to the putrifying carcasses of horses left rotting in every ditch.

The popular feeling at Athens against the royal family of Greece does not diminish. The stories of the "excessive prudence" of Crown Prince Constantine at the front have done much to weaken the dynasty.

The correspondent of the *Eclair*, of Paris, at Athens says: "The people are intensely violent, utterances are heard against the royalties and groups loudly discuss them in the streets. Upon the boat from Stilida to Athens I heard a popular poet declaim insulting verses against the King, and not one of the three hundred passengers, including officers, lifted a voice in defence of him."

PARIS, May 23.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day M. Hanotaux dwelt upon the good results the concert of the Powers had already effected and said: "We have now arrived at the moment when it has become necessary to use moderation and reason in order that the voice of humanity should prevail. The supreme object of the Powers was to maintain general peace. Although they had been unable to prevent the war between Turkey and Greece, they succeeded in localizing it, and now, as is the duty of the concert, they are striving to soften the defeat of the vanquished. The maintenance of general peace and the status quo in the East, a pacific and unanimous mediation in behalf of moderation and autonomy for Crete, is the outcome which Europe seeks to promote by pacific means.

"The basis of the mediation of the Powers has already been submitted, and we have no doubt that, in view of their unanimity, Turkey will bow to the will of Europe and renounce the excessive claims. In any case, the governments of the Powers are solicitous above all to maintain their agreement and to spare no effort to attain this result. To this the government of France proposes to devote itself, conjointly with the concert.

"We must, however, be on our guard against illusions. Difficulties beset every step. Nevertheless, we must hope the counsels of reason will prevail. The Powers are unanimous, the Balkan States have always yielded to advice on all sides and the Sultan has hearkened to the appeals addressed to him. These early indices ought to inspire confidence in the future and we ask you to help in the task of the government to which the concert is devoting its best energies, the work of concluding peace, which is at once so complex and delicate." (Loud cheers) The subject was then dropped.

ATHENS, May 23.—A telegram received from the Crown Prince confirms the news of the reported advance of the Turks after the arrangement of the armistice and the occupation and fortifying of strategic points half an hour distant from Lamia, giving a great advantage to the Turks in the event of the renewal of hostilities. These facts have been communicated to the ministers of the Powers, and the Government has protested against this forward movement of the Turks.

The officers appointed to fix the neutral zone on the frontier have completed their work. It is announced that both armies are to fall back and leave a neutral zone eight hundred metres in width. All of the passes are included in this zone except Phourka, which the Turks hold.

LOGANSPORT'S BANK FAILURE

Its President Confessed to Forgeries Amounting to $300,000.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

LOGANSPORT, IND., May 23.—John F. Johnson, late president of the State National Bank, is now in the hands of the law. This afternoon Deputy United States Marshal Clark arrived in the city and arrested Johnson, who was cool and collected. The bond was fixed at $25,000, which he has failed to furnish.

When Bank Examiner Caldwell laid down $300,000 worth of forged notes before President Johnson and said "Mr. Johnson, did you sign those notes?" the answer was given without a tremor "I did."

The expert to-day said that certain bookkeepers in the bank knew of the president's crime but the false entries being made by the president himself saves them from the clutches of the law.

Business houses who are borrowers of the bank have successfully tied over the present troubles and no failures are now expected.

President Johnson will enter a plea of guilty before the United States court and serve the sentence.

Five small boys were drowned in the south branch of the Chicago, Ill., river, known as Mud Lake, yesterday afternoon while trying to cross the stream on an improvised raft.

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.

COMMITTEE REPORT ON BILLS AND OVERTURES.

A Lively Debate on Recommendation That Women be Forbidden the use of Pulpits for Public Addresses—Heated Argument on the Liquor Prohibition Question.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 23.—In the Presbyterian Assembly this morning the committee on bills and overtures made a partial report. They recommended that women be forbidden the use of pulpits for public addresses to mixed audiences, and that it be pronounced improper to give notices of such meetings. This precipitated a lively debate. Dr. Petzer took the position that while the Bible absolutely forbade female ordination, it did not forbid all kinds of public testimony by women. Dr. Walden and Dr. Smoot strongly advocated the adoption of the report.

At 8.30 the discussion of the morning as to women was resumed. Dr. Smoot made a strong and witty address in opposition. He regards women lecturing from pulpits as unscriptural and degrading. He regards it as a wedge toward the Church sloughing off, not a question of courtesy, refinement or culture, but a scriptural question; "Thus saith the Lord." It is a departure from the Bible. Such women Christ does not need in His work. Dr. Smoot was vigorous and intense.

Drs. Walden, Malloy, Shearer and others followed in the same line.

Dr. Petzer, of Washington, could see no impropriety in female missionaries testifying on their return from foreign lands.

The discussion included a number of lengthy speeches and occupied a great part of the day. Dr. Beatty, from whose presbytery (West Lexington, Ky.) the questions came up, offered a substitute "that the Assembly refer overtures to former clear deliverances which settle the principles and which should guide us in all our churches, sessions and in our procedure."

The vote being called for on the substitute, it was carried by a vote of 71 to 63.

The communication from the Prohibition parts of North Carolina in reference to some utterances of the Assembly along this line provoked heated argument. The committee on bills and overtures to which it had been referred, reported as follows: "That this Assembly is forbidden to intermeddle with political parties or questions, and the constant and scriptural attitude of our beloved Church, on temperance and intemperance, is shown in past deliverances on record." (Alexander Digest 865.)

The report of the committee was, after much debate and discussion, adopted.

Dr. Dabney addressed the Assembly this afternoon on ministerial education.

The Assembly then adjourned until Monday morning.

FOUNDED BY JOHN WESLEY

The Oldest Church Edifice in Georgia Destroyed by Fire, with Many Valuable Records.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, GA., May 23.—Christ Church, the oldest church in Georgia, founded by John Wesley before he promulgated the Methodist faith, was burned almost to the ground shortly after mid-night to-night. The fire was discovered shortly after 12 o'clock and it spread very rapidly. It is supposed to have originated from a gas jet left burning by some member of the choir which held a practice there to-night. It contained all the records of Savannah and practically of Georgia since 1825, most of which are a total loss.

The church cost about $35,000 and about as much more has been spent upon it. The price set upon the building and lot recently was $100,000. It is only partially covered by insurance.

Christ Church, standing on Bull street from the Johnson square, is the mother church of Episcopal communion in Georgia. Christ Church parish was founded after the settlement of Savannah. The first edifice was begun in 1743, but was not completed until 1750. In 1796 it was destroyed by fire and was re-built upon an enlarged plan in 1803. The next year it was partly demolished by a hurricane and was not re-built until 1810. In 1838 the corner-stone of the present edifice was laid, the old church having been torn down, and the building was completed in 1840. The founder of Christ Church was Rev. Henry Herbert, who came over from England with Oglethorpe. John Wesley was its third rector, and on the sight of the present edifice stood the rude chapel in which he ministered as chaplain to the colonists. The late Bishop Stephen Elliott was rector of the church from 1861 until his death in 1866, and in the chapel was a beautiful window to his memory.

THE RUIZ INVESTIGATION.

Commissioner Calhoun Making Slow Progress.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, May 23, VIA KEY WEST.—The investigation by Commissioner W. B. Calhoun into the matter of the death of Dr. Ruiz is not proceeding rapidly. On Thursday, Dr. Congosto, the Spanish consul at Philadelphia, asserted that Dr. Ruiz did not explain that he was an American citizen, and therefore was kept *incommunico* for more than seventy-two hours. General Lee, on hearing this, promptly and emphatically stated that on February 6th he sent official notice to Marshal de Abumada, the acting Captain General, to the effect that Ruiz was an American citizen and that he demanded his treaty rights. It appears that Senor Congosto noted this fact.

Investigation will not proceed further until the Spanish representative has approved the written statement of General Lee and as to the scope of inquiry, the Americans desiring to go farther than the Spanish deem necessary. There is little hope that facts bearing directly on the nature of the death of Dr. Ruiz will be elicited. It is thought, however, that arrangements will be made allowing the inquiry to proceed Monday.

Major General Miles, commanding the U. S. army, who is now at Constantinople has been instructed to represent the United States army at the ceremonies, in London in honor of the sixtieth anniversary of Queen Victoria's accession to the British throne. The navy will be represented at the Queen's jubilee by Admiral Miller on the armored cruiser Brooklyn.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

LED THEM A CHASE.

Reporters Exhausted Themselves Pursuing a Rival In a Cab.

When Cyrus W. Field was dying at his home in Gramercy park, all of the newspapers had reporters stationed at the house. The young man who had been "on watch" for The Mail and Express failed to report for duty one morning, and I was assigned to his task. When I reached the Field home, I found 10 or 12 newspaper men on the opposite side of the street.

The boys were dancing about in an effort to keep the blood in circulation, for the weather was keen. I joined the group. No bulletin had been given out by the doctors in attendance, but so many people had hurried into the house that it seemed certain that a crisis had been reached. The reporters were on the alert.

I had been in the group only a few minutes when the front door of the house opened and the late Dr. Matthew Field came out.

"You know Dr. Field?" queried one of the reporters.

"Yes."

"Well, suppose you try and find out the situation of affairs?"

I crossed the street and spoke to the doctor just as he was entering his cab.

"Jump in," he said, "and I will talk to you. I am in a great hurry this morning."

I took a seat beside the doctor, the driver cracked his whip, the cab wheeled into the avenue and away we went up town.

Above the rattle of the wheels I could hear a peculiar pattering sound. Glancing through the window in the back of the cab, I saw the whole crowd of reporters in full flight after us. A lean chap, from an afternoon paper, had the middle of the road, and the way he was eating up distance was a caution. At his heels struggled the others. Two fat fellows brought up the rear.

I called the doctor's attention to the chase. Between his chuckles he encouraged the driver to get a little more speed out of his horse. At Twenty-third street the sprinters of the pursuing party was the only one left. The others had held up lamp-posts or had taken seats on the curb. The sprinter was game. He held out for several blocks more and then tottered to the sidewalk.

Dr. Field had very little to say about the condition of his distinguished relative. There had been no pronounced change. In fact, the news was scarcely worth telephoning. At Thirty-fourth street I left the cab and went down to Gramercy park in a horse car.

On hearing my report they were the most disgusted lot of reporters imaginable. The sprinter had wrenched his ankle, and one of the fat men had upset his stomach. But in their stories that afternoon every one of them claimed to have ridden up town with Dr. Field. There were portents of the new journalism even in those days.—New York Mail and Express.

Still He Smoked.

Station Master—You should not smoke, sir.

Traveler—That is what my friends say.

"But you mustn't smoke, sir."

"So my doctor tells me."

"But you shan't smoke, sir!"

"Ah, that is just what my wife tells me."—London Tit-Bits.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 30 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

For Sale—Fresh lot of fine Mount Airy Butter. L. Tate Bowden, No. 6 Princess street. my 23 1t

Salesman—$10 daily made selling our machines for cooling refrigerators; guaranteed 75 per cent. cheaper than ice; charged like storage battery; keeps perishable articles indefinitely; indestructible, everlasting; owners of refrigerators buy them; exclusive agencies given good men. Arctic Refrigerator Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. my 23 1t*

MY residence is now 512 North Fourth street. Telephones at both residence and office. Residence 'phone 315; office 'phone 223. Jas. F. Woolvin, the Undertaker and Embalmer. sun my 16 tf

Salesman—$6 a day. No canvassing. No delivries. No collections. Samples free. Side line or exclusive. Mfrs., 2041 Market street, Phila. apr 18 4t sun

I have a number of registered thorough-bred Setter Pups, which I would like to dispose of. Apply to J. A. Harman, Currie, N. C. su my 21 D&W2t

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, No. 5 South Water street, solicits consignments of all kinds of produce, Beef Cattle, Milch Cows and Mutton a specialty. my 15 tf

Leave your orders with Andrew Mavroulehols, No. 705 North Fourth street, for your "Ice Cream," delivered free any part of the city on Sunda Bell 'Phone 346. my 13 tf

Ladies drop me a Postal to 906 Princess street, I will come to your residence and see if your Sewing Machine needs any repairs. Furniture repaired also. 18 years experience. J. B. Farrar. my 11 3m

Brown Dress Linens, New Rose, Table Linens, Wool Dress Goods, on sale at 18 Market street this week. J. J. Shepard, Proprietor. tf

N. Siegert, Merchant Tailor, 109½ Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Seasonable Suits made to order for $18.00 and up. The best work and fit is what I give my customers. When in need of anything in my line give me a call. my 4 1m

Fruit and Vegetables—We will handle all kinds of Vegetables and Fruit in season during the Convention. Please send in your orders evenings before, as there will be no delay in receiving them. W. J. Kirkham & Co. my 3 tf

Hay—Timothy Hay, mixed Clover Hay, Prairie Hay, Straw, Grain and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Jno. B. McEachern, 211 Market St. Telephone 98. mar 13 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Schedule on Wilmington Seacoast R. R.

ON AND AFTER MAY 5TH, 1897, DAILY except Sunday: Leave Wilmington, 10.10 a. m., 6.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 7.30 a. m., 11.30 a. m., 6 p. m.

Sunday Trains: Leave Wilmington, 10 a. m., 6.30 p. m., 6.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View, 12 m., 5 p. m. my 4 tf R. O. GRANT, Supt.

SALE OF STOCK.

BY DIRECTION OF THE BOARD OF Directors of the "East Carolina Piscatorial Association," I will expose for sale to the highest bidder, at public auction for cash, at the Court House door of New Hanover county, in the City of Wilmington, on Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1897, at 12 o'clock, m., ten shares of the Capital Stock of the East Carolina Piscatorial Association standing in the name of J. S. Westbrook, 5 shares standing in the name of R. A. Moore and 5 shares standing in the name of I. F. Hill, to satisfy and pay the sum of one hundred and five dollars on stock of J. S. Westbrook, one hundred and seven dollars on stock of R. A. Moore and twenty dollars on stock of I. F. Hill, due as unpaid assessments on said stock, said assessments having been duly and regularly called by order of the said Board and payment thereof having been refused by J. S. Westbrook, R. A. Moore and I. F. Hill, the subscribers to said stock.

JOHN D. BELLAMY, Jr., my 20 20t Attorney.

NEW CROP Molasses.

Our Own Importation From WEST INDIES.

QUALITY EXCELLENT.

Price Low.

WORTH & WORTH. my 20 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION

Opens at Nashville, May 1st, and closes October 30th, 1897.

For this occasion the

Seaboard Air Line

Will sell

Excursion Tickets

AT VERY REDUCED RATES, the following being total rates from points named:

		A.	B.	C.
Charlotte	N. C	$24 60	$19 00	$13 75
Cheraw	S. C.	20 35	16 05	12 05
Dunbarton	N. C.	20 35	19 35	14 00
Hamlet	"	20 35	19 35	14 00
Henderson	"	20 35	19 35	14 05
Lincolnton	"	24 60	19 75	13 75
Lexington	"	17 60	13 80	14 40
Leasburg	"	20 25	19 05	14 00
Manson	"	20 25	19 35	14 00
Monroe	"	21 60	16 05	12 75
Pittsboro	"	27 00	19 80	14 35
Raleigh	"	20 25	19 35	14 00
Rutherfordton	"	24 60	18 05	13 75
Sanford	"	20 25	19 35	14 00
Shelby	"	24 60	18 05	13 75
Wadesboro	"	21 06	19 05	13 80
Weldon	"	20 25	19 35	14 05
Wilmington	"	20 25	19 35	14 00

Class A. Tickets sold daily April 23th to October 15th. Final limit 3 months from date of sale.

Class B. Tickets sold daily April 29th to October 15th. Final limit twenty (20) days from date of sale.

Class C. Tickets sold Tuesdays and Thursdays of each week, April 29th to October 26th. Final limit ten (10) days from date of sale.

Through service between all points on the

Seaboard Air Line —TO— NASHVILLE.

Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars

Run through without change

For further information as to rates, schedules, train service, etc., apply to nearest Ticket Agent or address

H. S. LEARD, S. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
S. B. BATCHELOR, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.
T. D. MEADE, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.
GEO McP. BATTLE, T. P. A., Charlotte, N. C.
B. A. NEWLAND, Gen'l Agent, Passenger Department, Atlanta, Ga.

E. St. John, V. P. and Gen'l Manager.
H. W. B. Glover, Traffic Manager. T. J. Anderson, Gen'l Pass'r Agt.
General Offices—PORTSMOUTH, VA.
my 6 tf

Sale of Valuable Phosphate Lands and MACHINERY.

ON MONDAY, JUNE 7TH, 1897, AT THE County Court House door in the city of Wilmington, county of New Hanover and State of North Carolina, we will sell at public auction to the highest bidder the following property of the North Carolina Phosphate Company, [sic]: A certain tract of land in the said county of New Hanover, beginning at the North side of the bridge over Prince George's creek on the Wilmington and Newbern road, and running thence Northeasterly with said road to its intersection with the land of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company, thence N. 70 d. g. 15 minutes E. 25 chains 80 links with the land of said Railroad Company to a stake; thence N. 68 deg. W. 107 chains 96 links to the swamp; thence Southwardly with said swamp to Prince George's creek; thence Eastwardly with the meanderings of said creek to the beginning, containing eight hundred acres. Said land is described in a deed of trust from the North Carolina Phosphate Company to A. B. Andrews and others, Trustees, dated January 1st, 1892, and duly registered in New Hanover county.

Also all and every the rights, liberties, privileges, immunities and franchises of the said North Carolina Phosphate Company, and all the works, machinery, property and effects of the said corporation now upon the land above described.

Said sale is made pursuant to the judgment of Wake Superior Court rendered at April term, 1897 in the cause therein pending entitled, "A. B. Young and others against the North Carolina Phosphate Company and others." No. 6913 Civil Issue Docket. Said judgment appearing on Minute Docket "B", pages 61 *et seq.* of the records of said Court. Terms of sale, Cash. Hour of sale, 12 m.

C. M. BUSBEE, S. F. MORDECAI, Commissioners.

May 5th, 1897. my 5 tds

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

S. P. COWAN & CO.

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First-class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO. 15

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Big Reduction —IN— Toilet SOAPS

THIS WEEK.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY,

Wholesale and Retail Druggist,

N. E. Cor. Front and Market Sts. my 18 tf

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY'S Directory of Wilmington, 1897.

Containing a general business and street directory.

Price $3.00.

For sale by C. W. Yates & Co.

J. L. HILL PRINTING COMPANY,

Owners and Publishers, my 21 tf Richmond, Va.

To Any Non-Catholic in North Carolina,

"Truth"

ONLY TEN CENTS PER ANNUM.

To any non-Catholic in North Carolina we will send for only ten cents per annum, "Truth," a Catholic magazine devoted to giving TRUE explanations of the Catholic Church, that is of the Catholic Church as it is, not as caricatured and misrepresented. Address, "TRUTH," Raleigh, N. C.

REV. THOS. F. PRICE, Manager. my 9 tf DAW

The Circus.

AT COWAN'S NEWS DEPOT TO-DAY CAN be found "Harper's Weekly," "Standard," "Puck," "Judge," "Truth" and other Illustrated papers, in some many more papers. A full stock of N. Y. dailies. Either the "Journal" or the "World" for two cents. Beach's Base Ball Guide for 1897 just received. my 9 tf

By Grace of Shirt Waist.

Summer is no longer a terror. By grace of a Shirt Waist you can dress cool and look pretty. By grace of a Shirt Waist you can dress stylishly at a trifling cost.

By grace of the progressive policy of this Store you can buy a stylish Shirt Waist for 48 cents. Every comfort the Shirt Waists carries is yours at a little cost if you come now.

A nice assortment of better quality Dress Skirts in Brilliantines and Checks and Plaids in prices from $1.48 up.

BLAZER SUITS

Made in all the latest styles, in price from $3.60 up, less than the price of making, and lots of other bargains to which we invite your inspection.

Taylor's Bazaar,

118 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Mail Orders will receive our prompt and careful attention. my 23 tf

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK,

No. 29 North Front St.

PROSPERITY.

We have received notice from manufacturers and dealers of a steady rise in all kinds of Dry Goods and Carpets. Prosperity is in sight and it behooves our customers to make their purchases before it arrives, We are offering goods this week to suit the

HARD TIMES.

1,000 yards Silkaline at 10 cents a yard.

We have just received 1,000 yards Bordered Muslins for Curtains at 12½, 15, 17, 18, 20, 25, 30 and 40c per yard.

300 Cloth Window Shades at 25 cents each, complete.

Antique Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 54-inch wide, $1 per pair.

All Linen Window Shades 8x9 at 53 cents each.

Felt Window Shades 19½ cents each.

Curtain Poles, with wooden fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut, Poplar, 25½ cents each.

Curtain Poles and Brass fixtures, Oak, Mahogany, Walnut and Poplar, 37½ cents each.

Brass Extension Rods 10 and 15½ cents each.

Fire Place Screens, complete, $1 each.

Polar de-Spres, 54-inch wide, 10c per yard.

Nottingham Curtain Scrim 15, 20, 25 and 30c per yard.

UNDERWEAR.

Gentlemen's Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers 25 and 50 cents each.

Gentlemen's Drill Drawers 50 cents pair.

Gentlemen's Hosiery 10, 15, 20, 25 and 50 cents.

Gentlemen's Dress Shirts 50, 75, $1 and $1.50.

Ladies' Bleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 10 cents each.

Ladies' Unbleached Vests, low neck, no sleeves, taped, 12½ and 15 cents each.

Children's and Youths' Underwear.

We make a specialty of Ladies' Bathing Suits in Brilliantine and Flannel; also Submarine and ordinary Rubber Bathing Caps.

100 pieces Matting just received, made in China—60, 80 and 100 lbs to roll.

Carpets at special prices.

Small Hardware for house furnishing.

Art Denims in real and imitation.

Velours, Grenadines, Japanese Draperies, Brocatelles, Tapestries, Upholstering Damask, Gimps, Upholstering Fluid, Oil Cloths and Stair Linens.

Trunks and Valises, Portfolios and Rugs.

Corsets—"Her Majesty," "P. N. & G. P. C-B all a sprise, Warner's "Triple A A A," Warner's "No 85," Warner's "No. 327," Warner's "Trippe N N N," Warner's Coraline, sizes 31 to 36, "Thompson's Glove-fitting," "Nyfelia French Woven," "Ferris Waists," "Nagrath Waist" for children.

Dress Goods—The prettiest line ever shown in Wilmington.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

Hudnut's Toilet Requisites.

my 2 tf

FREE! FREE!

I AM GIVING EVERY CUSTOMER a card that gets the following presents:

For a $5.00 purchase I will give a Brass Wall Pocket or one set of fine Silver-plated Teaspoons.

For a $10.00 purchase I will give a Child's High Chair or a Life-size Portrait of any of your family.

For a $15.00 purchase I will